## Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd.

## Consolidated Financial Report and Independent Auditors' Report

For the Years Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024

(CODE : 1441)

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[The financial statements are only translated into English based on the audit results of PwC.]

### Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries

### Consolidated Financial Report and Independent Auditors' Report

## For the Years Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024

## Table of contents

ITEM	<u>Page</u>
1. Cover	1
2. Directory	2
3. Audit report by accountants	$3 \sim 4$
4. Consolidated Balance Sheet	5 ~ 6
5. Consolidated statement of comprehensive income	$7 \sim 8$
6. Consolidated statement of changes in equity	9
7. Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	$10 \sim 11$
8. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	$12 \sim 56$
(1) Company history	12
(2) Date and procedure for approval of financial reports	12
(3) Application of newly released and revised standards and interpretations	$12 \sim 13$
(4) Summary of major accounting policies	$14 \sim 26$
(5) Major sources of uncertainty in major accounting judgments, estimates	<b>;</b>
and assumptions	$26 \sim 27$
(6) Description of important accounting items	$27 \sim 41$
(7) Transactions with related parties	$41 \sim 44$
(8) Mortgage (pledge) assets	44
(9) Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contractual	L
commitments	$44 \sim 45$
(10) Major disaster losses	45
(11) Significant subsequent events	45
(12) Others	$45 \sim 55$
(13) Matters disclosed in notes	55
(14) Operation Department Information	55 ~ 57

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

PWC25002347

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of TAH TONG TEXTILE CO., LTD.

### **Preface**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of TAH TONG TEXTILE CO., LTD. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, from July 1 to September 30 Consolidated comprehensive income statement from January 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024, as well as the consolidated statement of changes in equity, consolidated cash flow statement, and consolidated financial statements from January 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024 Notes (including summary of significant accounting policies) have been reviewed by our accountants. It is the management's responsibility to prepare consolidated financial statements that adequately express themselves in accordance with the financial reporting standards for securities issuers and International Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" approved and issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Draw conclusions on the consolidated financial statements based on the review results.

#### Scope

Except for those stated in the paragraph on the basis for retaining the conclusion, the accountant performed the review work in accordance with the Review Standards of the Republic of China No. 2410 "Review of Financial Statements". The procedures performed when reviewing the consolidated financial statements include inquiries (primarily to those responsible for financial and accounting matters), analytical procedures and other review procedures. The scope of the review work is significantly smaller than the scope of the audit work. Therefore, the accountant may not be able to detect all significant matters that can be identified through the audit work, and therefore cannot express an audit opinion.

### Retain the basis for conclusions

As stated in Note 6(5) of the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of the investees accounted for using the equity method, included in the aforementioned consolidated financial statements, have not been reviewed by independent auditors for the same periods. The equity-method investments amounted to NT\$205,104 thousand and NT\$8,560 thousand as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, representing 14.94% and 0.38% of the total consolidated assets. The share of comprehensive loss recognized from these investees for the periods from July 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024 was NT\$13,430 thousand NT\$4,539 thousand NT\$36,265 thousand and NT\$13,342 thousand, respectively, accounting for179.19% \( \cdot 76.08\% \) \( \cdot 41.60\% \) and 7.97\% of the total consolidated comprehensive income (loss).

#### Reserve conclusion

According to the results of the accountant's review, except for the impact of possible adjustments to the consolidated financial statements if the financial statements of some non-significant subsidiaries and investments using the equity method as mentioned in the basis for retaining the conclusion are reviewed by the accountant, we have not found any impact. The consolidated financial statements have not been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards for Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" approved and effective by the Financial Supervisory Commission, resulting in the failure to adequately express the TAH TONG Group. The consolidated financial position as of September 30, 2025 and 2024 years of the Republic of China, the consolidated financial performance from July 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024 years of the Republic of China, and from January 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024 years of the Republic of China., and the consolidated cash flow from January 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024.

Lin, Ya-Hui Lin, Yung-Chih For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan November 11, 2025

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditor's report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Consolidated balance sheet For the Years Ended September 30, 2025 \ December 31,2024 and September 30, 2024

Unit: NT\$ thousand

			September 30,2025				December 31,20	24	September 30,2024			
	Asset	Notes		Amount	_%_		Amount	<u>%</u>		Amount	<u>%</u>	
	Current assets											
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	95,386	7	\$	122,917	6	\$	67,804	3	
1150	Net value of notes receivable	6(2)		270	-		-	_		_	-	
1170	Net value of accounts receivable	6(2)		111,440	8		145,134	7		180,786	8	
1200	Other receivables	7		7,511	-		7,508	1		43,354	2	
130X	Inventories	6(3)		227,181	17		397,427	20		410,924	18	
1410	Prepayments	6(8)		59,486	4		64,870	3		64,328	3	
1470	Other current assets	8		103,614	8		137,194	7		120,689	6	
11XX	Total current assets			604,888	44		875,050	44		887,885	40	
1517 1550	Non-current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income- non-current Investment accounted for using the equity method	6(4) 6(5) \( \cdot 7 \) and 8		42,824 205,104	3 15		47,975 211,597	2		45,862 457,613	2 20	
1600	Property, Plant and Equipment	6(6) and 8		,			ŕ			· ·		
1755	Right-of-use asset	6(7) and 8		426,192 40,515	31		666,506 121,180	33		685,598 121,862	30 5	
1780	Intangible assets			14,270	1		3,477	_		3,630	-	
1840	Deferred tax assets			39,114	3		39,114	2		16,488	1	
1975	Net defined benefit assets - non-current			-	_		14,937	1		12,845	1	
1990	Other non-current assets - others	6(8)		107	-		13,972	1		13,264	1	
15XX	Total non-current assets			768,126	56		1,118,758	56		1,357,162	60	
1XXX	Total assets		\$	1,373,014	100	\$	1,993,808	100	\$	2,245,047	100	

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# Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Consolidated balance sheet For the Years Ended September 30, 2025 \ December 31,2024 and September 30, 2024

Unit: NT\$ thousand

				September 30,2025			24	September 30, 20	24
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		Amoun	%	Amoun	%	Amoun	%
	Current liabilities								
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(9) and 7	\$	296,747	21 5	458,365	23	\$ 620,868	28
2150	Notes payable			5,667	-	4,082	-	4,340	-
2170	Accounts payable	7		131,966	10	349,677	17	339,228	15
2200	Other payables	6(12) and 7		53,569	4	53,397	3	63,084	3
2230	Income tax liability - Current			-	-	15,699	1	-	-
2320	Long-term liabilities due within a year or one operating cycle	6(11) and 7		36,512	3	243,261	12	376,742	17
2399	Other current liabilities - other	6(18)		14,333	1	13,158	1	43,440	2
21XX	Total current liabilities			538,794	39	1,137,639	57	1,447,702	65
	Non-current liabilities								
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(10)		-	-	-	-	-	-
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(11) and 7		292,938	22	198,462	10	142,325	6
2570	Deferred tax liabilities			68,807	5	78,910	4	37,361	2
2600	Other non-current liabilities			3,524	_	4,036	_	4,136	_
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			365,269	27	281,408	14	183,822	8
2XXX	Total Liabilities			904,063	66	1,419,047	71	1,631,524	73
	Equity attributable to owners of parent company		_			-			
	Share capital	6(14)							
3110	Common share capital			717,444	52	717,444	36	717,444	32
	Capital reserve	6(15)							
3200	Capital reserve			31,777	2	44,752	3	34,694	2
	Retained earnings	6(16)							
3350	Deficit yet to be compensated		(	203,936)(	15)(	185,472)	(9)	( 126,295)	( 6
	Other equity	6(17)			,				
3400	Other equity		(	76,334)(	5)(	8,131)(	( 1)	( 20,551)	( 1
31XX	Total equity attributable to owners of parent company	3		468,951	34	568,593	29	605,292	27
36XX	Non-controlling interests			-	-	6,168	-	8,231	_
3XXX	Total equity			468,951	34	574,761	29	613,523	27
	Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Commitments Significant Events	9				,			
3X2X	Total liabilities and equities		\$	1,373,014	100	1,993,808	100	\$ 2,245,047	100
	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1,3/3,014	100	1,993,000	100	ψ 2,243,047	

The attached notes to consolidated financial statements are the integral part of the consolidated financial statements, please read together.

Chairman: Chen, Shiou-Chung Managerial Officer: Chen, Chien-Choan Accounting Officer: Yang, Shao-Dong

#### <u>Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries</u> <u>Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income</u> <u>For the Years Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024</u>

Unit: NT\$ thousand (Except for loss per share in NT\$)

				July 1 to September 30,2025		July 1 to Septe 30,2024	mber	January 1 to September 30,2		January 1 to September 30,2	
	Item	Notes	Amount		%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(18)	\$ 360	),826	100	\$ 519,367	100	\$ 1,138,089	100	\$ 1,182,260	100
5000	Operating costs	6(3)(21) and 7	(342	2,832)(	95)(	485,721)(	94)(	1,034,917)(	91)(	1,215,621)(	103)
5900	Gross profit (gross loss)		17	7,994	5	33,646	6	103,172	9 (	33,361)(	3)
	Operating expenses	6(21)(22)									
6100	Selling expenses		( 14	1,566)(	4)(	15,468) (	3)(	45,241 ) (	4)(	42,628 ) (	4)
6200	Administrative expenses		( 21	,485)(	6)(	21,315)(	4)(	64,074 ) (	6)(	64,337)(	6)
6200	Research and development										
6300	expenses		( 1	,023)	- (	1,539)	- (	3,282)	- (	4,491)	-
6450	Expected credit impairment gains	12(3)	1	,188	(	3,286)(	1)(	627)	(	4,460)	
6000	Total operating expenses		(35	5,886)(	10)(	41,608)(	8)(	113,224)(	10)(	115,916)(	10)
6900	Operating loss		(17	7,892)(	5)(	7,962)(	2)(	10,052)(	1)(	149,277)(	13)
	Non-operating income and expenses										
7100	Interest revenue			495	-	191	-	1,990	-	1,966	-
7010	Other income		5	5,991	2	1,082	-	11,546	1	1,148	-
7020	Other gains or losses	6(19)	6	5,218	2	34,118	7	38,243	3	44,174	4
7050	Financial costs	6(20)	( 6	5,689)(	2)(	8,234)(	2)(	24,468)(	2)(	31,291)(	2)
7055	Expected credit impairment loss	12(3)		-	- (	129)	- (	262)	- (	9,686)(	1)
	Share of the profit or loss of										
7060	affiliates and joint ventures	6(5)									
7000	recognized using the equity	0(3)									
	method	(	(13,	430_)(_	4)(	10,533 ) (	2)(	36,265 )(	3 )	309,131	26
7000	Total non-operating incomes and										
7000	expenses	(	(7,4	115 ) (	2)	16,495	3 (	9,216 )(	1 )	315,442	27
7900	Net profit (loss) before tax		( 25	5,307)(	7)	8,533	1 (	19,268)(	2)	166,165	14
7950	Income tax benefit	6(23)				1,809)		169		1,224)	
8200	Current net profit (loss)		( \$ 25	5,307)(	7)	\$ 6,724	1 (	\$ 19,099)(	2)	\$ 164,941	14

(Continued on next page)

#### <u>Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries</u> <u>Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income</u> <u>For the Years Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024</u>

Unit: NT\$ thousand (Except for loss per share in NT\$)

			July	1 to Septe 30,2025	ember	Jul	y 1 to Septer 30,2024	mber	Sep	January 1 to stember 30,20	25	January 1 September 30	
	Item	Notes	Aı	mount	%	A	mount	%	A	mount	%	Amount	%
	Other comprehensive profit and loss (net) Items not reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Unrealized equity instrument												
8316	profit or loss measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive income of affiliates and joint	6(4)	\$	-	-	\$	-	- (	\$	5,151)	- :	\$ -	-
8320	ventures recognized with the equity method - items not reclassified subsequently to profit or loss									124			
8310	Total items not reclassified									134			
8310	subsequently to profit or loss							(		5,017)			
8361 8370	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income of affiliates and joint ventures recognized with the equity method - items may be			17,812	5	(	758)	- (		62,741)(	6)	2,499	-
	reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Total items that may be							(	, 	311)			
8360	reclassified subsequently to profit or lo			17,812	5	(	758)	(		63,052)(_	<u>6</u> )	2,499	
8300	Other comprehensive profit and loss (net)		\$	17,812	5	(\$	758)	- (	\$	68,069)(	6)	\$ 2,499	_
8500	Total comprehensive income for this period		(\$	7,495)	(		5,966		\$	87,168)(		\$ 167,440	<u>14</u>
8610 8620	Net loss attributable to : Owners of the parent-company Non-controlling interests		(\$	25,307)		\$	10,521	1)(		18,598)( 501)	2)	8,285)	
	total comprehensive loss attributable to:		(\$	25,307)	( <u>7</u> )	\$	6,724	(	\$	19,099)(_	2)	\$ 164,941	<u>14</u>
8710 8720	Owners of the parent-company Non-controlling interests		(\$ ( <u>\$</u>	7,495) 	( 2)	\$ ( <u></u>	10,302 4,336) ( 5,966	1)(	\$	86,667)( 501) 87,168)(	8) - ( 8)	\$ 175,166	15 ( <u>1</u> )
9750 9850	Earnings (Loss) per share Basic Earnings (Loss) per share Diluted earnings (loss) per share	6(24)	( <u>\$</u> ( <u>\$</u>		0.35 )			0.15 (			0.26) 0.26)		2.54 2.54

The attached notes to consolidated financial statements are the integral part of the consolidated financial statements, please read together.

Chairman: Chen, Shiou-Chung

Managerial Officer: Chen, Chien-Choan

Accounting Officer: Yang, Shao-Dong

## Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Years Ended September 30, 2025 > December 31, 2024 and September 30, 2024

Unit: NT\$ thousand

		Equity attributable to owners of parent company																		
				Capit	al Reserv	ve						Other equity								
	Notes	Common sha	are	Capital Reserve - Development line premium	reco	apital reserve - ognized changes quity ownership f subsidiaries		t yet to be compensated	tran	change differences on slation of the financial tatements of foreign operations	prof fair	fit or loss measured at r value through other	Othor	equity - others		Total		-controlling		Total equity
-	Notes	Сарнаі		inie premium		1 subsidiaries	Delici	t yet to be compensated		operations		mprenensive incom	Other	quity - others		Total		interests		Total equity
2024																				
Beginning balance on January 1		\$ 632,9	952	<u>s</u> -	\$	19,186	(\$	299,521 )	(\$	42,951 )	\$	20,241	\$	219	\$	330,126	\$	15,957	\$	346,083
Current net loss			-	-		-		173,226		-		-		-		173,226	(	8,285	)	164,941
Other comprehensive income recognized for the period	(17)				_			<u>-</u>	_	1,940		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		1,940		559	_	2,499
Total comprehensive income for this period								173,226	_	1,940		<u>-</u>				175,166	(	7,726	_	167,440
Cash capital increase 6	(14)	84,4	492	15,508				<del>-</del>	_		_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		100,000				100,000
Ending balance on September 30		\$ 717,4	144	\$ 15,508	\$	19,186	(\$	126,295 )	(\$	41,011 )	\$	20,241	\$	219	\$	605,292	\$	8,231	\$	613,523
2025																				
Beginning balance on January 1		\$ 717,4	144	\$ 15,508	\$	29,244	(\$	185,472 )	(\$	31,457 )	\$	23,107	\$	219	\$	568,593	\$	6,168	\$	574,761
Current net profit			-	-		-	(	18,598 )		-		-		-	(	18,598 )	(	501	) (	19,099 )
Other comprehensive income recognized for the period	(17)					<u>-</u>		134	(_	62,781 )	(_	5,422 )			(	68,069 )			(	68,069 )
Total comprehensive income for this period					_		(	18,464 )	(_	62,781 )	(	5,422 )			(	86,667 )	(	501	(_	87,168 )
Changes in associates and joint ventures recognized under the equity method	(5)		-	-	(	12,975 )		-		-		-		-	(	12,975 )		-	(	12,975 )
Decrease in non-controlling interests 4	(3)				_	<u>-</u>			_			<del>-</del>					(	5,667	(_	5,667 )
Ending balance on September 30		\$ 717,4	144	\$ 15,508	\$	16,269	(\$	203,936 )	(\$	94,238 )	\$	17,685	\$	219	\$	468,951	\$		\$	468,951

The attached notes to consolidated financial statements are the integral part of the consolidated financial statements, please read together.

Chairman: Chen, Shiou-Chung Managerial Officer: Chen, Chien-Choan Accounting Officer: Yang, Shao-Dong

# Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended September 30, 2025 \ December 31,2024 and September 30, 2024

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Net profit (loss) before income tax		Notes		ry 1, 2025 to aber 30, 2025		ry 1, 2024 to nber 30, 2024
Adjustments   Income/expenses items   Depreciation expense   6(21)   51,407   71,088	Cash flows from operating activities					
Income/expenses items   Depreciation expense   (621)   51,407   71,085	Net profit (loss) before income tax		( \$	19.268 )	\$	166,165
Depreciation expense	Adjustments			-,,	·	
Amortization cost 6(21) 1,524 690  Expected credit impairment reversed gains 12(3) ( 889) 14,146  Interest revenue ( 1,990) ( 1,966)  Disposal of investment interests 6(19) ( 70,343)  Dividend income ( 5,133) ( 1,027)  Interest expenses 6(20) 24,468 31,291  Disposal of real estate, loss of plant and equipment 6(19) ( 26,245)  Share of the profit or loss of affiliates and joint ventures using the equity method (6(6)(9) ( 26,245)  Share of the profit or loss of affiliates and joint ventures using the equity method (65) ( 26,245)  Unrealized exchange (gains) loss	Income/expenses items					
Expected credit impairment reversed gains 12(3) ( 889) 14,146 Interest revenue	Depreciation expense	6(21)		51,407		71,085
Interest revenue	Amortization cost	6(21)		1,524		690
Interest revenue	Expected credit impairment reversed gains	12(3)	(	889 )		14,146
Disposal of investment interests	Interest revenue		(		(	1,966)
Dividend income	Disposal of investment interests	6(19)	(		`	-
Interest expenses   6(20)	Dividend income		(		(	1,027)
Disposal of real estate, loss of plant and equipment   G(19)	Interest expenses	6(20)	`		`	
Share of the profit or loss of affiliates and joint ventures using the equity method   36,265   (309,131 )	Disposal of real estate, loss of plant and equipment	6(19)		, -		ŕ
Share of the profit or loss of affiliates and joint ventures using the equity method         6(5)         36,265         ( 309,131)           Unrealized exchange (gains) loss         12,766         ( 18,883)           Changes in assets/debts having to do with business activities         36,265         ( 18,883)           Net changes in the assets related to the operating activities         36,265         ( 18,883)           Notes receivable         ( 270)         -           Accounts receivable         ( 4,955)         ( 89,040)           Other receivables         4,722         3,791           Inventories         136,346         ( 91,356)           Prepayments         ( 13,012)         ( 14,76)           Other current assets         14,937         ( 659)           Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities         14,937         ( 659)           Net changes in the concurrent assets         1,584         5,163           Accounts payable         1,584         5,163           Accounts payable         1,7853         121,939           Other payables         6,168         18,454           Other current liabilities         ( 113)         12           Cash inflows generated from operations         216,334         132,798 <td< td=""><td>Gain on reversal of impairment loss</td><td>6(6)(19)</td><td></td><td>_</td><td>(</td><td>· ·</td></td<>	Gain on reversal of impairment loss	6(6)(19)		_	(	· ·
Changes in assets/debts having to do with business activities           Net changes in the assets related to the operating activities           Notes receivable         ( 270 )         -           Accounts receivable         ( 4,955 )         ( 89,040 )           Other receivables         4,722 3,791           Inventories         136,346 ( 91,356 )         91,356 )           Prepayments         ( 13,012 )         ( 14,476 )           Other current assets         23,092 ( 19,991 )         659 )           Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities         14,937 ( 659 )           Notes payable         1,584 ( 5,163 )         21,939 )           Accounts payable         1,7853 121,939 )         121,939 )           Other payables         6,168 18,454 )         18,454 )           Other current liabilities         1,175 3,118 )         3,118 )           Other non-current liabilities         1,13 1 12 )         12           Cash inflows generated from operations         216,334 ( 132,798 )         1,999 )           Interest received         5,133 1,027           1,027             Interest paid         ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 )         1,027             Income paid         ( 15,699 )		6(5)		36,265	(	,
Changes in assets/debts having to do with business activities           Net changes in the assets related to the operating activities           Notes receivable         ( 4.955) ( 89,040 )           Other receivables         4,722 3,791           Inventories         136,346 ( 91,356 )           Prepayments         ( 13,012 ) ( 14,76 )           Other current assets         23,092 ( 19,991 )           Other non-current assets         14,937 ( 659 )           Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities         1,584 ( 5,163 )           Notes payable         1,584 ( 5,163 )           Accounts payables         6,168 ( 18,454 )           Other current liabilities         1,175 ( 3,118 )           Other non-current liabilities         1,175 ( 3,118 )           Other non-current liabilities         1,13 ( 132,798 )           Interest received         1,854 ( 132,798 )           Interest received         5,133 ( 1,027 )           Interest paid         ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 )           Income paid         ( 15,699 )         -	Unrealized exchange (gains) loss			12,766	(	18,883 )
Notes receivable   (   270 )   -				ŕ	`	,
Accounts receivable ( 4,955 ) ( 89,040 ) Other receivables 4,722 3,791 Inventories 136,346 ( 91,356 ) Prepayments ( 13,012 ) ( 1,476 ) Other current assets 23,092 ( 19,991 ) Other non-current assets 14,937 ( 659 ) Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities Notes payable 1,584 ( 5,163 ) Accounts payable 17,853 121,939 Other payables 6,168 18,454 Other current liabilities ( 1,175 3,118 Other non-current liabilities ( 113 ) 12 Cash inflows generated from operations 216,334 ( 132,798 ) Interest received 1,854 1,999 Dividends received 5,133 1,027 Interest paid ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 ) Income paid ( 15,699 ) -						
Accounts receivable       ( 4,955 ) ( 89,040 )         Other receivables       4,722 3,791         Inventories       136,346 ( 91,356 )         Prepayments       ( 13,012 ) ( 14,76 )         Other current assets       23,092 ( 19,991 )         Other non-current assets       14,937 ( 659 )         Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities       1,584 ( 5,163 )         Notes payable       1,7853 121,939         Other payables       6,168 18,454         Other current liabilities       1,175 3,118         Other non-current liabilities       1,175 3,118         Other non-current liabilities       1,175 3,118         Other non-current liabilities       1,175 3,118         Other spayable       1,854 1,199         Dividends received       5,133 1,027         Interest received       5,133 1,027         Interest paid       ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 )         Income paid       ( 15,699 ) -	Notes receivable		(	270.)		_
Other receivables         4,722         3,791           Inventories         136,346         ( 91,356)           Prepayments         ( 13,012)         ( 1,476)           Other current assets         23,092         ( 19,991)           Other non-current assets         14,937         659           Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities         1,584         5,163           Notes payable         17,853         121,939           Other payables         6,168         18,454           Other current liabilities         1,175         3,118           Other non-current liabilities         113,798         12           Cash inflows generated from operations         216,334         132,798           Interest received         1,854         1,999           Dividends received         5,133         1,027           Interest paid         ( 24,139)         30,873           Income paid         ( 15,699)         -	Accounts receivable		(	,	(	89,040 )
Inventories       136,346 (       91,356 )         Prepayments       (       13,012 ) (       1,476 )         Other current assets       23,092 (       19,991 )         Other non-current assets       14,937 (       659 )         Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities       15,84 (       5,163 )         Notes payable       17,853 121,939         Other payables       6,168 18,454         Other current liabilities       1,175 3,118         Other non-current liabilities       (       113 ) 12         Cash inflows generated from operations       216,334 (       132,798 )         Interest received       1,854 1,999         Dividends received       5,133 1,027         Interest paid       (       24,139 ) (       30,873 )         Income paid       (       15,699 ) -       -	Other receivables		(			
Prepayments         (         13,012 ) (         1,476 )           Other current assets         23,092 (         19,991 )           Other non-current assets         14,937 (         659 )           Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities         31,584 (         5,163 )           Notes payable         17,853 (         121,939 )           Other payables         6,168 (         18,454 )           Other current liabilities         1,175 (         3,118 )           Other non-current liabilities         113 (         12           Cash inflows generated from operations         216,334 (         132,798 )           Interest received         1,854 (         1,999 )           Dividends received         5,133 (         1,027 )           Interest paid         (         24,139 (         30,873 )           Income paid         (         15,699 (         -	Inventories			ŕ	(	· ·
Other current assets       23,092 ( 19,991 )         Other non-current assets       14,937 ( 659 )         Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities       1,584 ( 5,163 )         Notes payable       17,853 121,939         Other payables       6,168 18,454         Other current liabilities       1,175 3,118         Other non-current liabilities       ( 113 ) 12         Cash inflows generated from operations       216,334 ( 132,798 )         Interest received       1,854 1,999         Dividends received       5,133 1,027         Interest paid       ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 )         Income paid       ( 15,699 ) -	Prepayments		(		`	
Other non-current assets       14,937 (       659 )         Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities       3       1,584 (       5,163 )         Notes payable       17,853 121,939       121,939         Other payables       6,168 18,454       18,454         Other current liabilities       1,175 3,118       3,118         Other non-current liabilities       113 1 2       12         Cash inflows generated from operations       216,334 (       132,798 )         Interest received       1,854 1,999       1,999         Dividends received       5,133 1,027         Interest paid       (       24,139 ) (       30,873 )         Income paid       (       15,699 ) -       -	Other current assets		(			
Net changes in the liabilities related to the operating activities         Notes payable       1,584 ( 5,163 )         Accounts payable       17,853 121,939         Other payables       6,168 18,454         Other current liabilities       1,175 3,118         Other non-current liabilities       ( 113 ) 12         Cash inflows generated from operations       216,334 ( 132,798 )         Interest received       1,854 1,999         Dividends received       5,133 1,027         Interest paid       ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 )         Income paid       ( 15,699 ) -	Other non-current assets			· ·		
Accounts payable 17,853 121,939 Other payables 6,168 18,454 Other current liabilities 1,175 3,118 Other non-current liabilities ( 113 ) 12  Cash inflows generated from operations 216,334 ( 132,798 ) Interest received 1,854 1,999 Dividends received 5,133 1,027 Interest paid ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 ) Income paid ( 15,699 ) -				- 1,2-2.		,
Other payables       6,168       18,454         Other current liabilities       1,175       3,118         Other non-current liabilities       ( 113 )       12         Cash inflows generated from operations       216,334       ( 132,798 )         Interest received       1,854       1,999         Dividends received       5,133       1,027         Interest paid       ( 24,139 )       30,873 )         Income paid       ( 15,699 )       -	Notes payable			1,584	(	5,163)
Other payables       6,168       18,454         Other current liabilities       1,175       3,118         Other non-current liabilities       ( 113 )       12         Cash inflows generated from operations       216,334       ( 132,798 )         Interest received       1,854       1,999         Dividends received       5,133       1,027         Interest paid       ( 24,139 )       30,873 )         Income paid       ( 15,699 )       -	Accounts payable			17,853	·	121,939
Other current liabilities         1,175         3,118           Other non-current liabilities         ( 113 )         12           Cash inflows generated from operations         216,334 ( 132,798 )         1,854 ( 1,999 )           Interest received         5,133 ( 1,027 )         1,027 ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 )           Interest paid         ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 )         1,007 ( 15,699 )           Income paid         ( 15,699 )         -	Other payables					
Other non-current liabilities         (         113 )         12           Cash inflows generated from operations         216,334 (         132,798 )           Interest received         1,854 1,999         1,999           Dividends received         5,133 1,027           Interest paid         (         24,139 ) (         30,873 )           Income paid         (         15,699 )         -	Other current liabilities					
Cash inflows generated from operations       216,334       ( 132,798 )         Interest received       1,854       1,999         Dividends received       5,133       1,027         Interest paid       ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 )         Income paid       ( 15,699 )       -	Other non-current liabilities		(			
Interest received       1,854       1,999         Dividends received       5,133       1,027         Interest paid       ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 )         Income paid       ( 15,699 )	Cash inflows generated from operations		\ <u></u>	-	(	
Dividends received       5,133       1,027         Interest paid       ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 )         Income paid       ( 15,699 )	Interest received				`	
Interest paid ( 24,139 ) ( 30,873 ) Income paid ( 15,699 )	Dividends received					
Income paid (15,699_)	Interest paid		(		(	
	Income paid		(		`	· -
	Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities				(	160,645)

(Continued on next page)

Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended September 30, 2025 \ December 31,2024 and September 30, 2024

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	Notes	January 1, 2025 to September 30, 2025	January 1, 2024 to September 30, 2024
Cash flows from investing activities			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - share payment refunded due to capital decrease		\$ -	\$ 129
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method			
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments accounted for		( 51,794)	-
using equity method	6(5)	-	76,232
Receiving dividends from equity-based companies	6(5)	8,872	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	6(25)	( 4,730 )	( 3,330)
Disposal of real estate, plant and equipment prices		-	24,867
Increase in intangible assets		( 2,155 )	-
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method	6(25)	72,611	-
increase in other non-current assets		-	( 3,840)
increase in refundable deposit		3,243	
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities		26,047	94,058
Cash flows from financing activities			
Borrow short-term borrowings		647,156	1,447,029
Repay short-term borrowings		( 779,625 )	( 1,402,041 )
Repayments of long-term borrowings		( 112,273 )	( 28,592 )
Borrowings from related partie		112,000	276,000
Repayments of loans to related partie		( 112,000 )	( 300,824 )
Redeem corporate bonds	6(10)	-	( 100,000)
Cash capital increase	6(14)		100,000
Net cash inflow (Outflow) from financing activities		(244,742_)	(8,428_)
Effect on foreign currency exchange differences		7,681	8,983
Increase (Decrease) of cash and cash equivalents of the current term		( 27,531 )	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year			
		122,917	133,836
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		\$ 95,386	\$ 67,804

The attached notes to consolidated financial statements are the integral part of the consolidated financial statements, please read together.

Chairman: Chen, Shiou-Chung Managerial Officer: Chen, Chien-Choan Accounting Officer: Yang, Shao-Dong

# Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Notes to consolidated financial statements For the Years Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024

Unit: NT\$ thousand (except for specified otherwise)

#### I. Company History

Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. (hereinafter "the Company") is incorporated in Republic of China, the major businesses operated by the Company and subsidiaries (hereinafter "the Group") are production and sales of cotton yarns and T/C blended yarns, synthetic yarns, gray cloths, finished fabrics and knitted fabrics.

### II. Approval Date and Procedures of The Financial Statements

These consolidated financial statements were approved and released by the Board of Directors on November 11, 2025.

#### III. New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations Adopted

(I) Impacts of the newly released or amended IFRSs endorsed and effectuated by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC") adopte

The following table aggregates the newly released or amended, revised IFRSs and interpretations endorsed by the FSC and adopted since 2025:

New issued/amended/revised standards and	Effective date of
interpretations	publication by IASB
Amendments to IAS 21 – "Lack of Exchangeability"	2025.01.01

After assessing the aforesaid IFRSs and interpretations, the Group believes no material impact is generated on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

(II) Impact of newly issued or revised International Financial Reporting Standards

accounting standards that have not yet been adopted and approved by the

Financial Supervisory Commission

The

following table summarizes the newly issued, amended, and revised

International Financial Reporting Standards and interpretations, which have

International Financial Reporting Standards and interpretations, which have been endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission and are effective in 2026:

New issued/amended/revised standards and interpretations	Effective date of publication by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments"	2026.01.01
Amendments to International Financial Reporting Standard No. 9 and International Financial Reporting Standard No. 7 "Contracts involving natural power"	2026.01.01
IFRS 17: Insurance Contracts"	2023.01.01
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Contracts of Insurance	2023.01.01
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS	2023.01.01

17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative Information"

Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11

2026.01.01

Except for the following, the Group has assessed that the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance:

(iEquity instruments designated as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) through a non-refundable election should disclose fair values for each class, rather than for each underlying asset. Fair value gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income during the reporting period should also be disclosed, separately showing fair value gains and losses related to investments derecognised during the reporting period and those still held at the end of the reporting period; as well as accumulated gains and losses from investments derecognised during the reporting period that were transferred to equity during the reporting period.

(III) Impact of newly issued or revised International Financial Reporting Standards accounting standards that have not yet been adopted and approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission

The following table summarizes the new, revised and amended standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not yet incorporated into the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) accounting standards approved by the FSC:

New issued/amended/revised standards and interpretations	Effective date of publication by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Asset sales or contributions between investors and their affiliates or joint ventures"	Wait IASB approve
International Financial Reporting Standards No. 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"	2027.01.01(Note)
International Financial Reporting Standards No. 19 "Non-Publicly Accountable Subsidiaries : Disclosure"	2027.01.01

Note: In a press release dated September 25, 2025, the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) announced that public companies will be required to apply International Financial Reporting Standard 18 (IFRS 18) starting from the fiscal year 2028. Additionally, companies wishing to adopt IFRS 18 early may choose to do so following the FSC's official endorsement of the standard.

The Group has assessed that the above standards and interpretations have no material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance, except as stated below:

IFRS 18 "Financial Statement Presentation and Disclosures"

IFRS 18"Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statements" replaces International Accounting Standard 1 and updates the structure of the consolidated income statement, adds disclosures on management performance measurement, and strengthens the summary and application in the main financial statements and notes. segmentation principle.

#### IV. Summary of Significant Accounting Polices

The major accounting policies adopted for the consolidated financial report are explained below. Unless specified otherwise, all these policies are applicable generally during all reporting periods.

#### (I) Compliance Statement

This consolidated financial report is prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards for Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" approved and issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

#### (II) Basis of preparation

- 1. Other than the following key items, the consolidated financial report is prepared based on the historical costs:
  - (1) Financial assets and liabilities measured at FVTPL (derivatives included).
  - (2) Financial assets measured at FVOCI.
  - (3) Defined benefit assets recognized as the net amount of pension fund assets less the present value of defined benefit obligations.
- 2. Prepare International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, Interpretations and Interpretations (hereinafter referred to as IFRSs) that are approved and issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, some key accounting estimates are required to be used. During the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, the management is required to use their judgement. For the items involving high judgement or complexity, or involving the material assumptions and estimates of the consolidated financial reports, please refer to Note 5 for estimate.

#### (III) Basis of consolidation

- 1. Principles for preparing consolidated financial statements
  - (1) The Group include all subsidiaries into the preparation entity of the consolidated financial reports. The subsidiaries refer to the entities controlled by the Group (including the structured entities). When the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee, the Group controls the entity. The subsidiaries are incorporated in the consolidated financial reports since the date when the Group obtains the control, and the consolidation is terminated at the date losing such control.
  - (2) The material transactions, balances, and unrealized incomes within the Group is cancelled. The accounting policies of the subsidiaries are adjusted where necessary to be aligned with the policies adopted by the Group.
  - (3) Each component composing the profit and loss, and other comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and non-controlling interests; the total comprehensive income also is attributed to the owners of the parent and non-controlling interests, even though the loss balance is resulted in for the non-controlling interests.
  - (4) The changes in the shareholding in a subsidiary is treated as the equity transaction if the control is not lost (transactions with the non-controlling interests), i.e. the transactions with the owners. Any difference between

- the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
- (5) Where the Group loses the control over a subsidiary, the remaining investment in the previous subsidiary is re-measured at fair value, and deemed as the fair value of the initially recognized financial asset, or the costs of the investment in affiliates or joint venture initially recognized. The difference between the fair value and carrying amount is recognized as the profit or loss for the current period. For all the amounts related to the subsidiary in question and recognized under other comprehensive income, the accounting treatment shares the same basis as if the Group directly disposes the related assets or liabilities, i.e. the income or loss recognized under the comprehensive income, and reclassified to profit and loss when disposing the related assets or liabilities, such income or loss will be reclassified from equity to profit and loss when the control over the subsidiary is lost.
- 2. Subsidiaries incorporated in the consolidated financial statements:

			Shareholding ratio					
investment company Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd.	Invested company GLOUCESTER CO., LTD.	Business Investment	2025/9/30	2024/12/31 100	2024/9/30 100	Note		
GLOUCESTER CO., LTD.	ROSEGATE HOLDING CORP.	Investment	100	100	100			
ROSEGATE HOLDING CORP.	TAH TONG TEXTILE (VIETNAM) CO., LTD.	Production and sales of yarn and Fabric	100	100	100			
GLOUCESTER CO., LTD.	DAYSTAR LIMITED	Investment	100	100	100			
DAYSTAR LIMITED	eNOVA Limited	Investment	100	100	100			
GLOUCESTER CO., LTD.	KOREA TEXTILE & DYEING SUPPORT SERVICES JOINT STOCK COMPANY(KTD)	Textile weaving, dyeing, printing and processing	-	52.14	52.14	Note		

Note: On January 16, 2025, the Board of Directors passed a resolution to sell all the shares of its subsidiary KTD to improve its working capital and financial structure, and the equity transfer was completed on March 5, 2025. The transaction recognized a gain of \$70,343 on disposal of assets and reduced non-controlling interests by \$5,667. Please refer to Note 6 (XXV) for relevant cash flow information.s.

- 3. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: none.
- 4. Adjustment and treatment for different accounting periods adopted by subsidiaries: none.

- 5. Significant restrictions: none
- 6. Subsidiaries of non-controlling interests material to the Group.

As of September 30, 2025: none

The total non-controlling interests of the Group as of December 31, 2024 and September 30, 2024 were \$6,168 and \$8,231 respectively. The following are non-controlling interests that are significant to the Group and their subsidiaries. Information:

		non-contro	non-controlling interest			ling interest	
		2024	2024/12/31		2024/9/30		
Company	Location	Amount	%		Amount	%	
KTD	VN	\$ 6,168	47.86%	\$	8,231	47.86%	

Aggregating financial information of subsidiarie:

#### Balance sheet

		KTD	
	20	024/12/31	2024/9/30
current assets	\$	14,591 \$	11,787
Non-current assets		219,422	222,286
Current liabilities	(	210,908 ) (	206,705 )
Non-current liabilities	(	10,216 ) (	10,171 )
Total net assets	\$	12,889 \$	17,197

#### Statement of comprehensive income

	KTD
	2024/7/1-9/30
\$	18,940
(	7,933
	-
(	7,933
(\$	7,933
s (\$	3,797
1	KTD
	2024/1/1-9/30
\$	48,426
(	17,311
	-
(	17,311
(\$	17,311
s (\$	8,285
	\$ (

#### Statement of cash flow

	202	24/1/1-9/30
Cash Inflow from operating activities	\$	11,934
Cash Outflow from investing activities	(	1,827 )
Cash Inflow from financing activities	(	10,123 )
exchange rate impact number		19
Changes in cash and equivalent cash for the period	d	3
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning		1,066

#### (IV) Foreign currency translation

The items listed under each entity within the Group, is measured at the currency of the major economic environment where it operates (i.e. functional currency). The consolidated financial statements were expressed in "New Taiwan Dollars," which is the Company's functional currency.

- 1. Foreign currency transactions and balance
  - (1) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rate at the transaction date or measurement date; translation differences generated from such translations are recognized in current profit or loss.
  - (2) The balance of the foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities is measured and adjusted based on the spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date; translation differences generated from such adjustments are recognized in current profit or loss.
  - (3) The balance of foreign currency non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value through profit and loss is measured and adjusted based on the spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date; exchange differences generated from such adjustments are recognized in current profit or loss. Those that are not measured at fair value are measured and adjusted based on the spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date; exchange differences generated such adjustments are recognized in other comprehensive income. Those that are not measured at fair value are measured at the historical exchange rate at the date of the initial transaction.
  - (4) All other exchange gains and losses are reported in "Other gains and losses" of the income statement.
- 2. Conversion for foreign operating institutions
  - (1) For all of the Group's members, affiliates, and joint arrangements that differ in the functional currency and the presentation currency, their operating results and financial positions are translated to the presentation currency as follows:
    - A. All assets and liabilities presented in the balance sheet are translated at the closing rate at the same balance sheet;
    - B. All income and expenses presented in the statement of comprehensive income are translated at the average exchange rate of the year; and
    - C. All exchange differences generated from translations are recognized in other comprehensive income.
  - (2) When the foreign operation disposed or sold partially is a subsidiary, accumulated exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income When a foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate or joint arrangement, its exchange difference under other comprehensive income will be re-classified proportionally to current profit or loss as part of gains or losses on sales. Provided, even though the Group retains some equity in the said associate or joint arrangement, if the Group has lost material influence on the foreign operation, or lost joint control over the foreign operation as a joint arrangement, disposal will be recognized for all equity of the foreign operation.
  - (3) Proportionally will be re-attributed to the non-controlling interests of

the foreign operation again. Provided, even though the Group retains some equity in the said subsidiary, if the Group has lost control over the foreign operation as a subsidiary, disposal will be recognized for all equity of the foreign operation.

(4) Goodwill generated from a purchase of a foreign entity and fair value adjustments are deemed as the assets and liabilities of that foreign entity, and are translated at the exchange rate at the end of the year.

#### (V) Classification criteria of current and non-current assets and liabilities

- 1. An asset is classified as a current asset if it is:
  - (1) expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal business cycle.
  - (2) held primarily for the purpose of trading.
  - (3) expected to be realized within 12 months from the balance sheet date; or
  - (4) Cash or cash equivalents, unless they are exchangeable for at least twelve months after the reporting period or are subject to restrictions on their use in settling debts.

The Group classifies all other assets than classified above as non-current except for Note 4(12).

- 2. A liability is classified as a current liability if it is:
  - (1) expected to be settled in its normal operating cycle;
  - (2) held primarily for the purpose of trading;
  - (3) Due for payment within twelve months after the reporting period; or
  - (4) There is no right to defer the settlement of liabilities until at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other liabilities than classified above as non-current.

#### (VI) Financial assets at FVTPL

- 1. Financial assets are measured at FVTPL, unless measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI.
- 2. The Group recognizes customary financial assets at FVTPL at the date of the transaction.
- 3. On initial recognition, the Group measures such financial assets at fair value and recognizes transaction costs in profit or loss; the Group subsequently measures such financial assets at fair value and recognizes gains or losses in profit or loss.
- 4. When the right to receive dividends is established, the economic benefits related to dividends are likely to flow in, and the amount of dividends may be measured reliably, the Group recognizes dividend income under the profit or loss.

#### (VII) Financial assets at FVOCI

- 1. At initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument. Investments in debt instruments are measured at FVOCI if both of the following conditions are met:
  - (1) the financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

- (2) The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- 2. The Group adopts the transaction date accounting for financial assets measured at FVOCI from customary transactions.
- 3. The Group measures at its fair value plus transaction costs at the initial recognition, and subsequently measures at fair value:

Changes in the fair value of equity instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income. When derecognizing, the accumulated gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income must not be reclassified to income, and shall be transferred to retained earnings. When the right to receive dividends is established, the economic benefits related to dividends are likely to flow in, and the amount of dividends may be measured reliably, the Group recognizes dividend income under the profit or loss.

#### (VIII) Accounts and notes receivable

- 1. The accounts and notes that the Group has an unconditional contractual right to consideration for goods or services that have been transferred.
- 2. The Group measures short-term accounts and notes receivable with unpaid interest at the original invoice amount due to be insignificant effect of discounting.

#### (IX) Financial asset impairment

At each balance sheet date, the Group, with respect to financial assets measured at amortized cost and accounts receivable containing significant financial components, considers all reasonable and supportable information (including forward-looking ones). Where the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance will be measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses; where the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance will be measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses and for the accounts receivable or contract assets that do not include significant financial components, the loss allowance will be measured at lifetime expected credit losses.

#### (X) Lease transaction as lessor - operating leases

Lease income on operating leases less all incentives given to the lessee is amortized on a straight-line basis during the lease term and recognized in current profit or loss.

#### (XI) Inventories

- 1. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The costs carried forward are calculated using the moving average method. The costs of finished products and products in progress include the raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs, and the production overheads related to production (shared by normal capacity), but the borrowing costs are excluded. When comparing which one is lower of cost and net realizable value, the item by item comparison method is adopted. The net realizable value is the balance of expected selling price during the ordinary course of business deducting the expected costs to be input until completion and related variable selling expenses.
- 2. By-products are inventoried at the estimated net realizable value at the end of each month. The estimated net realizable value is recognized in other

operating costs, and the actual selling price is recognized in other operating income.

#### (XII) Property to be sold

- 1. The Group hires construction companies to build residential and office buildings for sales. Invested land and construction costs during the construction are represented as construction in process and measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost is calculated by each site, and these with the construction completed are transfer to the property to be sold.
- 2. In the consolidated financial statements, the Group classifies all assets and liabilities related to construction as current assets and current liabilities respectively within one business cycle. Additionally, the inventory items of the property to be sold for the construction business are accounted as the current asset because they are parts of the composition for the ordinary operating cycle, while not being expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet dates.

#### (XIII) Investments accounted for using the equity method - affiliates

- 1. An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence (other than control) or, more generally, of which the Group holds, directly or indirectly (eg through subsidiaries), 20 per cent or more of the voting power. The Group accounts for investments in affiliates using the equity method, and recognizes them at cost at the time of acquisition.
- 2. The Group recognizes the share of the profit or loss of affiliates in current profit or loss and the share of other comprehensive income in other comprehensive income after acquisition. When the Group's share of loss in any associate equals to, or exceeds the equity in the same associate (including any other unsecured receivables), the Group does not recognize further loss, unless the Group has any legal obligation or constructive obligation incurred in that associate, or made any payment on behalf of the associate.
- 3. When an associate has any changes in equity arising from non-recurring gains and losses and other comprehensive income do not affect the Group's shareholding in the associate, the Group recognizes all such changes in equity in "Capital reserve" proportionally to the shareholding.
- 4. Unrealized gains or losses arising from a transaction between the Group and an associate have been written off proportionally to the equity interests held by the Group in the said associate. Unless evidence shows that assets transferred through the said transaction are impaired, unrealized losses will be written off as well. The accounting policies of affiliates have been adjusted where necessary to be aligned with the policies adopted by the Group.
- 5. When an associate issues additional new shares, if the Group does not subscribe for or acquire the new shares proportionally, to the extent of resulting in a change in the investment ratio but maintaining significant influence on the associate, then "Capital reserve" and "Investments accounted for using the equity method" should be adjusted according to the change in the net worth of equity interests. If it results in a reduced investment ratio, other than the aforesaid adjustments, all profits or losses related to such ownership equity reduction and recognized under other comprehensive income that shall be reclassified to profit and loss when

disposing related assets or liabilities, are reclassified to profit and loss in proportion to the reduction.

- 6. When the Group loses its significant influence on an associate, the remaining investment in that associate will be re-measured at fair value, and the difference between the fair value and the carrying amount will be recognized in current profit or loss.
- 7. When the Group disposes of an associate, if its significant influence on that associate is lost, then all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income that were related to that associate will be re-classified from equity to profit or loss. If the Group maintains its significant influence on that associate, any amount recognized in other comprehensive income will be transferred out proportionally as said above.
- 8. When the Group disposes of an associate, if its significant influence on that associate is lost, then the capital reserve related to that associate will be transferred to profit or loss; if the Group maintains its significant influence on that associate, then the capital reserve related to that associate will be transferred to profit or loss according to the disposal ratio.

#### (XIV) Property, Plant and Equipment

- 1. An item of property, plant and equipment is recognized at cost at the time of its acquisition.
- 2. Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount of assets or recognized as a separate asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow into the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of a replacement will be derecognized. All other maintenance expenses are recognized as current profit or loss when incur.
- 3. Property, plant and equipment are subsequently measured using the cost model, and depreciated over the estimated useful live on the straight-line basis except for land. If each component of property, plant and equipment is material, such shall be depreciated separately.
- 4. The Group reviews the residual value, useful life and depreciation of each asset at the ending day of each fiscal year. If expectations differ from previous estimates, or the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset has changed significantly, the changes will be accounted for as change in accounting estimates in accordance with IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" from the date of such changes. The useful life of each asset is as follows:

Houses, buildings and the ancillary equipment: 3 to 55 years

Machinery equipment: 5 to 15 years

Water and power equipment: 5 to 15 years

Other assets: 5 to 20 years

#### (XV)Lease transaction as a lessee - right-of-use-assets/ lease liabilities

1. Lease assets are recognized as right-of-use assets or lease liabilities from the date when they are made available for use by the Group. When a lease contract is a short-term lease or a lease of low-value underlying asset, the lease is recognized as expense during the lease term with the straight-line method.

2. At the commencement date, a lease liability is recognized at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date using the incremental borrowing interest rate of the Group; the lease payments are fixed payments, less all lease incentives receivable.

Subsequently, it is measured at the amortized cost method, and the interest expense is provided during the lease term. If the lease term or the lease payment is changed not due to revision of the contract, the lease liability is re-valuated, and the remeasurement adjustments the right-of-use asset.

- 3. At the commencement date, right-of-use assets are recognized at cost. The cost of a right-of-use asset includes:
  - (1) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability; and
  - (2) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date.

Subsequently, the measurement is made with costs, where the right-of-use assets are provided with the depreciation expenses to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms. When the lease liability is re-measured, the right-of-use asset will adjust all and any remeasurement of the lease liability.

4. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee will decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize the difference between the remeasured amount of the lease liability and the carrying amount in profit or loss.

#### (XVI) <u>Investment Property</u>

The investment properties are recognized at the acquisition costs, and the cost model is adopted for the subsequent measurement. Other than lands, the depreciation is provided at the straight-line method based on the useful life, and the use life is 38 years.

#### (XVII) <u>Intangible assets</u>

The computer software is recognized at the acquisition costs, and amortized with the straight-line method based on the useful life of 2-8 years.

#### (XVIII) Non-financial asset impairment

For the assets showing the impairment signals at the balance sheet date, the Group estimates the recoverable amount; if the recoverable amount, it is recognized as the impairment loss. The recoverable amount is the higher balance of the fair value deducting the disposal costs or the use value. When the circumstance resulting in the recognized asset impairment does not exist or reduces, the impairment loss is reversed; provided, the carrying amount of the asset is increased due to the reversed impairment loss, such amount shall not exceed the carrying amount of the same asset deducting the depreciation or amortization if no impairment loss is recognized.

#### (XIX) Borrowings

1. Long- and short- term funds borrowed from banks. At the initial recognition, the Group measures such as the balance of the fair value deducting the disposal costs; subsequently, for any difference between the consideration deduction of the transaction costs and the redemption value, the effective interest method is adopted to recognize any interest expenses as the profit or

loss during the outstanding time based on the amortization procedures.

2. Regarding the expenses paid when the borrowing limit is determined, if the limit is very likely to be drawn partially or in whole, such expenses are recognized as the transaction costs of the borrowings, and are deferred until withdrawal and recognized as an adjustment of effective interest rate; if the limit is not likely to be drawn partially or in whole, such expenses are recognized in prepayments, and amortized over the term related to the limit.

#### (XX) Accounts and notes payable

- 1. Liabilities incurred from the purchase of raw materials, goods or services on credit, and notes payable by the business entity due to operation and non-operation.
- 2. The Group measures non-interest bearing short-term accounts and notes payable at the original invoice amount as discounting is immaterial.

#### (XXI) Ordinary corporate bonds payable

The ordinary corporate bonds payable issued by the Group are measured at the balance of the fair value deducting the transaction costs when being initially recognized; the difference between the consideration deduction of the transaction costs and the redemption value is listed as the addition or deduction of the corporate bonds payable; subsequently, the effective interest method is adopted to recognize the profit or loss during the outstanding time based on the amortization procedures, as the adjustment to the "financial costs."

#### (XXII) Employee benefits

1. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the expected payment of the non-discounted amount, and recognized as expenses when the related services are provided.

#### 2. Pension

(1) Defined contribution plan

For the defined contribution plans, the retirement fund amount to be contributed on the accrual basis is recognized as the cost of pension for the current period. The pre-paid contribution is recognized as an asset within the extent of refundable cash and reduction of future payment.

#### (2) Defined benefit plan

- (I) The net obligation under the defined benefit plan is calculated as the discounted amount of future benefits earned by employees in return for their service in the current and prior periods, and the fair value of any plan assets is deducted from the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated with the projected unit credit method by an actuary. The discount rate refers to the market yield of the government bonds with the same currency and duration as the defined benefit plan (at the balance sheet date).
- (II) Re-measurements generated from the defined benefit plan are recognized in other comprehensive income for the current year, and presented in retained earnings.

- (III) Pension costs during the interim period are calculated from the beginning of the year to the end of the current period using the pension cost rate determined in accordance with the actuarial calculation at the end of the previous financial year. If there are major market changes and major reductions, liquidations or other major one-time events after the closing date, adjustments will be made and relevant information will be disclosed in accordance with the aforementioned policies.
- 3. Employees' compensation and remuneration of directors

The employees' compensation and remuneration of directors are recognized as expense or liability when the legal or constructive obligation incurs and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If there is any difference occurs between the actual distribution amount resolved and the estimated amount later, it is treated as the change in the accounting estimates. Where employees' remuneration is distributed in shares, the share number is calculated based on the closing price of the previous day of the day when the Board makes the resolution.

#### (XXIII)<u>Income tax</u>

- 1. Income tax expenses includes current and deferred income tax. Except that the income taxes accounted under the other comprehensive income or directly accounted to the equity items are accounted to other comprehensive income or directly accounted to the equity, income taxes are recognized under profit and loss.
- 2. The Group calculates the income tax for the current period using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted in the country where the Group operates and at the balance sheet date. The management regularly assesses the income taxes filing status pursuant to the applicable income tax related regulations, and estimates the income tax liability based on the expected taxes payable to tax collection authorities when applicable. For the additional income tax imposed on the undistributed earnings pursuant to the income tax laws, is only recognized as the income tax expense of undistributed earnings based on the actual earning distribution upon the approval of the earning distribution proposal by the shareholders in the next year of the year generating the earnings.
- 3. Deferred income tax is recognized based on any temporary difference between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in the consolidated balance sheet using the balance sheet method. The deferred income tax liabilities generated from the goodwill initially recognized are not recognized; if the deferred income tax is generated from an initial recognition of an assets or liabilities in a transaction (not including enterprise merger), and the accounting profit or the taxable income (taxable loss) is not impacted at the time of transaction, no recognition will be made. For the temporary differences generated in the subsidiaries and affiliates, if the Group is able to control the timing reversing the temporary difference, and it is probable that the temporary difference will not be reversed in the foreseeable future, such temporary differences will not be recognized. The deferred income taxes adopt the tax rate (and tax law) that is legislated, or substantively legislated at the balance sheet date, and is expected to be applicable when the related deferred income tax assets are realized, or the

deferred income tax liabilities are repaid.

- 4. Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized, and unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date.
- 5. The carryforward of unused tax losses is recognized in deferred income tax assets to the extent that the future taxable profit will be available to the unused tax losses.
- 6. The income tax expense for the interim period is calculated by applying the estimated annual average effective tax rate to the pre-tax profit and loss for the interim period, and the relevant information is disclosed in accordance with the aforementioned policies.
- 7. When the tax rate changes during the interim period, the Group recognizes the impact of the change once in the current period when the change occurs. For income tax related to items recognized outside profit and loss, the impact of the change is recognized in other comprehensive profits and losses or equity items. For income taxes related to items recognized in profit or loss, the impact of the change will be recognized in profit or loss.

#### (XXIV) Dividend distribution

Dividends distributed to the Company's shareholders are recognized in the financial statements when the Company's shareholders' meeting decides to distribute such dividends. Cash dividends are recognized as a liability, and stock dividends are recognized as stock dividends to be distributed and transferred to ordinary shares on the base date when new shares are issued.

#### (XXV) Revenue recognition

Product sales:

- 1. The Group manufactures and sells cotton, cotton yarn, T/C blended yarn, chemical fiber yarn, and gray cloth, finished fabrics and knitted fabrics, among related products. Revenues are the fair value of the considerations received or shall be received from the sales to non-Group customers during the ordinary operating amount, presented in the amount net of sales tax, goods returned, quantity discount and discounts. Sales of goods are recognized as revenue when the goods are delivered to the buyers, the sales amounts may be reliably measured, and the future economic benefits are very likely to flow into the entity. When all material risks related to the ownership and return have been transferred to customers, and the Group neither continues the involvement in management, nor maintains the effective control over the goods accepted by customers pursuant to the sales contracts, or the objective evidence shows that all the acceptance terms are met, the delivery of goods occurs.
- 2. Accounts receivable are recognized when the goods are delivered to the customer as from that point, the Group has unconditional rights to the contract price if only the passage of time is required before payment.

#### (XXVI) Operating Segments

The information on the Group's operating segments and the internal management reports provided to the key operating decision-makers are reported in a consistent approach. The key operating decision-makers are responsible to allocate resources to operating segments and evaluate their performance.

## V. <u>Significant Accounting Assumptions and Judgments</u>, and Major Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

When preparing the consolidated financial reports, the management has applied the judgement to determine the accounting policies adopted, and makes the accounting estimates and assumptions based on the reasonable expectation for future events under the circumstance on the balance sheet date. The material accounting estimates and assumptions made may be different from the actual results, and will be continuously assessed and adjusted by taking the historical experience and other factors into account. Such estimates and assumptions have the risk resulting in material adjustments of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities in the next fiscal year. Significant Accounting Assumptions and Judgment, And Major Sources of Estimation Uncertainty:

#### I. Key judgements adopted for the accounting policies

The Group has no information that the accounting policy involving material judgements, and the recognized amount is materially impacted.

#### II. Key accounting estimates and assumptions

1. Assessment of property, plant, and equipment impairment In assessing the impairment of assets, the Group should, relying on subjective judgment and the pattern of utilizing assets and industrial characteristics, determine the independent cash flows of a group of assets, the useful life of assets, and gains, income and expenses that may arise in the future. Any changes in estimates due to changes in economic conditions or the Group's strategy may result in significant impairment in the future. See Note 6(6) for details.

#### 2. Valuation of inventories

Since the inventories is valuated at the lower between the costs and the net realizable values, the Group has to apply the judgement and estimates to decide the net realizable values of inventories at the balance sheet date. As the market evolves rapidly, the Group assesses the amount of the inventories at the balance sheet date after the normal depletion, obsolete, or no marketable value, and reduces the inventory costs to the net realizable values. The valuation of inventories are many based on the product demands in a certain future period, and thus material changes are possible; please refer to Note 6(3) for an explanation.

#### 3. Estimation of allowance for accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are provided for allowance in accordance with the allowance policy. Management evaluates the credit quality and collection status of customers and adjusts the credit policy for customers in a timely manner. In addition, management evaluates the allowance for accounts receivable. In the evaluation process, it considers factors that may affect the payment ability of customers, such as future expectations and historical bad debt records, customer financial status and economic status. The estimate of this allowance is based on reasonable expectations of future events based on the situation at the balance sheet date. However, the actual results may differ from the estimates, so changes may occur. Please refer to Note 6 (2) and Note

#### 12 (3) for detailed explanations.

#### VI. Summary of Significant Accounting Items

#### (I) Cash

	20	2025/9/30		2024/12/31	2024/9/30		
cash	\$	59	\$	49	\$	40	
Bank savings		95,327		122,868		67,760	
	\$	95,386	\$	122,917	\$	67,804	

- 1. Financial institutions that deal with the Group have good credit and the Group has business with multiple financial institutions in order to spread its credit risk; the possibility of default is expected to be quite low.
- 2. The Group's bank deposits transferred to pledged assets have been transferred to "Other current assets". See Note 8 for details.

#### (II) Accounts payable

	4	2025/9/30		2024/12/31	2024/9/30	
Notes Receivable	\$	270	\$	-	\$	-
Account Receivable		117,686		155,326		195,408
Less: Allowance for losses (		6,246 )	(	10,192 )	(	14,622 )
	\$	111,710	\$	145,134	\$	180,786

- 1. As of September 30, 2025 \to December 31,2024 and September 30, 2024, the balances of accounts receivable and notes receivable were both generated from contracts with customers; the balance of accounts receivable from contracts with customers as of January 1, 2024 was \$88,574.
- 2. For relevant information on credit risk, see Note 12(3).

#### (III) Inventories Inventories

#### 1. Textile inventories:

			2025/9/30	
	 COST		Allowance	Book Value
Materials	\$ 116,995	(\$	20,894 ) \$	96,101
WIP	85,873	(	4,589 )	81,284
Finish Goods	 65,192	(	15,396 )	49,796
Total	\$ 268,060	(\$	40,879 ) \$	227,181
			2024/12/31	
	COST		Allowance	Book Value
Materials	\$ 278,824	(\$	31,878 )	246,946
WIP	94,660	(	5,189 )	89,471
Finish Goods	81,874	(	20,864)	61,010
Total	\$ 455,358	(\$	57,931 ) \$	397,427
			2024/9/30	
	COST		Allowance	Book Value
Materials	\$ 261,066	(\$	58,831 ) \$	202,235
WIP	119,908	(	21,585 )	98,323
Finish Goods	 149,528	(	39,162)	110,366
Total	\$ 530,502	(\$	119,578 ) \$	410,924

The expenses of the sales costs recognized in the current period are listed below:

2025/7/1-9/30 1 2024/7/1-9/30

Cost of Good Sold	\$	358,247	\$	526,813
Allowance	(	15,415)	(	41,092)
	\$	342,832	\$	485,721
		2025/1/1-9/30		2024/1/1-9/30
Cost of Good Sold	\$	1,043,341	\$	1,152,145
Allowance	(	8,424)	(	63,476)
	\$	1,034,917	\$	1,215,621

- (1) The Group recognized a decrease in cost of goods sold as a result of the effective implementation of inventory write-offs, which led to an increase in the net realizable value of inventory. This occurred from July 1 to September 30, 2015 and 2014, and from January 1 to September 30, 2015.
- (2) From January 1 to September 30, 2025, the Group recognized an increase in inventory valuation loss due to changes in the net realizable value of inventory caused by the assessment of subsequent market demand structure adjustments..
- (3) The Group's inventory was not pledged in the first three quarter of 2025 and 2024.
- 2. Net amount of property held for sale:

ITEM 202		025/9/30	20	24/12/31	2024/9/30	
Parking Area	\$	2,403	\$	2,403	\$	2,403
Less : allowance	(	2,403 )	(	2,403 )	(	2,403 )
Net Amount	\$	_	\$	_	\$	

In the first three quarter of 2025 and 2024, the Group did not recognize the cost of inventories related to property held for sale.

#### (IV) non-current

	2025/9/30	2024/12/31	2024/9/30
Non-Open Market Stock	\$ 26,266	\$ 26,266	\$ 26,266
Allowance	 16,558	21,709	19,596
	\$ 42,824	\$ 47,975	\$ 45,862

- 1. In the first three quarter of 2025 and 2024, some of the investees were subjected to capital reduction, liquidation and dissolution. The Group received \$0 and \$129 for distribution respectively.
- 2. Financial assets at FVOCI recognized under other comprehensive income and retained earnings are presented as follows:

		2025/7/1-9/30		2024/7/1-9/30
Equity instruments measured at fair value		_		
through other comprehensive profit or loss				
Changes in fair value recognized in other				
comprehensive profit or loss	\$		\$	
Dividend income recognized in profit or				
loss is thrown away to holders at the end of				
the current period	\$		\$	1,027
		2025/1/1-9/30		2024/1/1-9/30
quity instruments measured at fair value		_		_
through other comprehensive profit or los				
Changes in fair value recognized in other				
comprehensive profit or loss	(\$	5,151	)	<u>-</u> _

Dividend income recognized in profit or loss is thrown away to holders at the end of the current period

5,133 \$ 1,027

- 3. In the first three quarter of 2025 and 2024, the Group did not pledge any financial assets at FVOCI.
- 4. For relevant information on credit risk, see Note 12(3).

#### (V) Investment accounted for using the equity method

					2025		2	2024
1/1			-	\$	211,597		\$	224,714
Share of investment profits and method	l loss	es using the equity	(		36,129	)		309,131
Investment cash capital reducti	on us	sing equity method			51,794	(		76,232 )
Distribution of investment earn	ings	using the equity						
method			(		8,872	)		-
Capital reserve			(		12,975	)		-
Other changes in equity $(6(17)$	)		(		311	)		<u>-</u>
9/30			_	\$	205,104		\$	457,613
Affiliated company name		2025/9/30	•	2024	1/12/31	:	2024	/9/30
Great Bell	\$	200,986	\$		195,733	\$		449,053
InnoPeak		4,118			15,864			8,560
	\$	205,104	\$		211,597	\$		457,613
							•	

1. The basic information on the Group's major affiliates is presented below:

		S	hareholding comparis	_		
					_	measurement
Company	location	2025/9/30	2024/12/31	2024/9/30	characteristic	method
Great Bell	TW	17.74%	19.18%	19.18%	supplier	equity

Great bell printing & dyeing co., ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Great bell") approved the cash capital increase on October 30, 2024 by issuing 30,000,000 common shares with a par value of \$10 per share. The capital increase base date is February 5, 2025. The Group approved the cash capital increase of Great bell on January 16, 2025 by the Board of Directors, totaling 5,179,000 shares. The Group did not subscribe according to the shareholding ratio, so the shareholding ratio decreased from 19.18% to 17.74%, and the capital reserve amount decreased by 12,975.

2. The summarized financial information on the Group's major affiliates is presented below:

#### Balance sheet

				Great Bell		
		2025/9/30		2024/12/31		2024/9/30
current assets	\$	117,252	\$	315,551	\$	1,244,518
Non-current assets		1,521,688		1,351,397		1,461,828
Current liabilities	(	441,127 )	(	607,606 )	(	355,781 )
Non-current	(	64,858 )	(	38,992)	(	9,670 )
Total net assets	\$	1,132,955	\$	1,020,350	\$	2,340,895
With % of the net	\$	200,986	\$	195,733	\$	449,053
Related party book	\$	200,986	\$	195,733	\$	449,053

#### Statement of comprehensive income

	Great Bel								
		2025/7/1-9/30		2024/7/1-9/30					
income	\$	108,801	\$	124,730					
Net amount of continuing business units in the current period	(\$	50,691 )	 ( \$	31,308)					
Total comprehensive profit and	( <u> </u>	20,071	( <u> </u>	31,300)					
loss for the period	(_\$	50,691)	(	31,308)					
		Great	Bel						
		2025/1/1-9/30		2024/1/1-9/30					
income	\$	335,215	\$	352,825					
Net amount of continuing business units in the current period	( <b>\$</b>	127 205 )	¢	1 691 045					
•	(	137,395)	\$	1,681,045					
Total comprehensive profit and loss for the period	(	137,395 )	\$	1,681,045					

3. The book amounts and operating results of individual insignificant affiliated enterprises of the Group are summarized as follows:

As of September 30, 2025 \times December 31,2024 and September 30,2024, the total book amounts of individual insignificant affiliated companies of the Group were \$4,118 \times \$15,864 and \$8,560 respectively.

		2025/7/1-9/30	2024/7/1-9/30	
Net loss for the current period of continuing operations	(\$	12,296 ) (	\$ 11,348)	1
CPC COLORS	( <u>\$</u>	2025/1/1–9/30	2024/1/1–9/30	
Net loss for the current period of continuing operations	(\$	32,545 ) (	\$ 33,356	)

- 4. The Group holds 36.09% of the shares of InnoPeak Co.Ltd. and is the single largest shareholder of the company. As the second and third largest shareholders (not related parties) hold more shares than the Group, it shows that the Group has no actual ability to direct the relevant activities. Therefore, it is judged that the Group has no control over the company and only has a significant influence.
- 5. On December 9, 2024, the board of directors of InnoPeak Co.Ltd. passed a resolution to increase its capital by 1,625,000 shares in cash, with a par value of \$10 per share. The base date for the capital increase is December 26, 2024. The company did not subscribe according to the shareholding ratio, so the shareholding ratio was reduced from 40% to 36.09%, and the capital reserve amount increased to \$10,058.
- 6. The Group provided shares of Great bell printing & dyeing co., ltd. as collateral for the loan. Please attach Note 7 for details.

#### (VI) Property, Plant and Equipment

2025/1/1	L	and		using and estruction		Machine	Ну	dropower		Other		nfinished project		Total
COST Accumulated	\$	591	\$	214,905	\$	1,079,141	\$	79,900	\$	43,967	\$	2,297	\$	1,420,801
Depreciation		-	(	38,614)	(	633,339	(	48,565 )	(	33,777)		-	(	754,295 )
•	\$	591	\$	176,291	\$	445,802	\$	31,335	\$	10,190	\$	2,297	\$	666,506
2025														
1/1	\$	591	\$	176,291	\$	445,802	\$	31,335	\$	10,190	\$	2,297	\$	666,506
purchase Consolidated		-		-		3,474		-		1,357		12		4,843
changes		-	(	102,090 )	(	40,215	)	-		-	(	261 )	(	142,566 )
depreciation		-	(	4,164 )	(	41,229 )	(	3,715 )	(	934 )		-	(	50,042 )

exchange rate impac		_	(	13,552 )	(	33,655 ) (		3,069 ) (		236 )	(	2,037 )	(	52,549 )
9/30	\$	591	`-		\$	334,177	\$	24,551	\$	10,377	\$	11	\$	426,192
2025/9/30			_		_		_							
COST Accumulated	\$	591	5	76,985	\$	881,776	\$	71,701	\$	32,887	\$	11	\$	1,063,951
Depreciation		-	(	20,500 )	(	547,599 ) (		47,150 ) (		22,510 )		-	(	637,759 )
-	\$	591	5	56,485	\$	334,177	\$	24,551	\$	10,377	\$	11	\$	426,192
				Housing and										
		Land	1 1_	construction		Machine	_	Hydropower		Other	Ur	nfinished project		Total
2024/1/1														
COST Accumulated	\$	41,128	:	5 258,044	\$	1,065,875	\$	78,606	\$	43,459	\$	346	\$	1,487,458
Depreciation	(	17,877	) (	64,137	) (	558,781 ) (		42,546 ) (		31,929)		_	(	715,270 )
1	\$	23,251	´ ` :	193,907	\$	507,094	\$	36,060	\$	11,530	\$	346	\$	772,188
2024			=		_		_		_		_		==	
1/1	\$	23,251	9	193,907	\$	507,094	\$	36,060	\$	11,530	\$	346	\$	772,188
purchase		-		· -		1,461		-		40		1,829		3,330
disposal	(	40,538	) (	20,446 )	) (	1,319 ) (		12 )		-		-	(	62,315 )
depreciation		-	(	8,026 )	(	54,927 ) (		4,009 ) (		1,226 )		-	(	68,188 )
Gain on reversal														
of impairment loss		17,878		8,367		_		_		_		_		26,245
exchange rate		,												
impac			_	3,196		10,284	_	651	_	192	_	15	_	14,338
9/30	\$	591	=	176,998	\$	462,593	\$	32,690	\$	10,536	\$	2,190	\$	685,598
2024/9/30														
COST	\$	591		213,706	\$	1,081,363	\$	79,968	\$	43,992	\$	2,190	\$	1,421,810
Accumulated Depreciation		_	(	36,708 )	. (	618,770 ) (		47,278 ) (		33,456)		_	(	736,212 )
Depresident	\$	591	`-		<u> </u>	462,593	\$	32,690	\$	10,536	\$	2,190	\$	685,598
	_		=		_		_		_		_		_	

- (1) For property, plant and equipment pledged as collateral, see Note 8 for details
- (2) The number affected by merger changes is the number affected by the disposal of subsidiaries by the Group. Please explain in Note 6 (25) for details.

#### (VII)Leases transaction - lessee

- 1. The underlying assets leased by the Group include land use rights, land, machinery and equipment, buildings and structures. Except for the lease term of land use rights, which is 40 to 43 years, the lease term of other lease contracts is usually 2 to 5 years. The lease contracts are negotiated individually, and include different terms. Other than some leased lands are provided as the collaterals for borrowings, the restrictive terms of other leased assets are not to be provided for guaranteeing borrowings.
- 2. The carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and recognized depreciation expenses are presented as follows:

	20	025/9/30	2024/	12/31	2024/9/30		
	Во	ok Value	Book	Value	Book Va	lue	
Land use rights(VN)	\$	40,515	\$	121,180	\$ 1	121,862	
		2025/7/1-9/	30	2	024/7/1-9/30		
		depreciatio	n		depreciation		
Land use rights(VN)	\$		320	\$		967	
		2025/1/1-9/	30	2	024/1/1-9/30		
		depreciatio	n		depreciation		
Land use rights(VN)	\$		1,365	\$		2,897	

- (1) For information right-of-use assets pledged as collateral, see Note 8 for details.
- (2) Profit and loss items related to the lease contracts are presented as follows:

	 2025/7/1-9/30	 2024/7/1-9/30
short-term rental fee	\$ 1,071	\$ 1,098

	2025/1/1-9/30	2024/1/1-9/30	
short-term rental fee	\$ 3,263	\$	3,295

The Group's total rental cash outflow from July 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024, and from January 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024, was \$1,071 \ \$1,098 \ \$3,263 and \$3,295 respectively.

#### (VIII)Prepayments and other non-current assets

#### 1. Prepayments

	2025/9/30	2024/12/31	2024/9/30		
Residual tax credit	\$ 43,414	\$ 46,084	\$	47,142	
Advance payment	6,084	10,081		9,743	
prepaid fee	9,988	8,705		7,443	
	\$ 59,486	\$ 64,870	\$	64,328	

#### 2. Other non-current assets

	2025/9/30	2024/12/31	2024/9/30
prepaid equipment	\$ -	\$ 10,363	\$ 13,130
deposit	107	3,609	134
	\$ 107	\$ 13,972	\$ 13,264

#### (IX)Short-term borrowings

Short term correwing		2025/9/30		2024/12/31	2024/9/30		
Bank unsecured borrowing	\$	107,643	\$	67,349	\$	116,520	
Bank guaranteed borrowing		189,104		376,243		306,042	
Other short-term borrowings		-		14,773		198,306	
	\$	296,747	\$	458,365	\$	620,868	
Bank loan amount	\$	558,004	\$	572,486	\$	606,196	
interest rate Company	2.19	9%~2.95%		2.44%~3.43%		2.44%~7.06%	
Subsidiary USD loan	5.63	5%~5.71%		5.65%~7.85%		5.00%~7.85%	
Subsidiary VND loan		7.77%		8.38%~10.82%	9.94%~10.82%		

- 1. Please refer to Note 8 for details on the guarantee provided for the above guaranteed loans.
- 2.Other short-term borrowings are capital loans and borrowings from related parties. Please refer to Note 7 for details.
- 3. Part of the guaranteed loans are provided by the company's affiliated enterprises with land as collateral, and part of the short-term loan credit lines are jointly and severally guaranteed by the chairman and general manager. Please refer to Note 7.

#### (X)Corporate bonds payable

	2025/9/30	2024/12/31		2024/9/30	
Bonds	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_

- 1. In November 2021, the Group issued the first domestic unsecured corporate bond in a private placement, as outlined below:
  - (1) Total face value: NT\$100,000
  - (2) Term: 3 years, outstanding from December 10, 2021 to December 10, 2024.
  - (3) Coupon rate: 1.7% per annum.
  - (4) Redemption: The Company may redeem all or part of the corporate

bond early as actually needed.

2. The Company's Board of Directors resolved on March 19, 2024, and June 19, 2024, to repurchase a portion of the unsecured corporate bonds from the first private placement of 2021, totaling NT\$100,000, on March 25, 2024, and June 26, 2024, respectively.

#### (XI)Long-term borrowings

Loan type		2025/9/30		2024/12/31	2024/9/30		
Export-Import Bank	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
ROBINA FINANCE &							
LEASING CORP		-		-		-	
Taiwan Cooperative Bank		1,662		5,351		6,565	
Chailease Finance Co., Ltd		-		-		-	
Other long-term borrowings		327,788		436,372		512,502	
Less: due within one year (	(	36,512)	)(	243,261)	(	376,742)	
	\$	292,938	\$	198,462	\$	142,325	
loan amount	\$	1,662	\$	5,351	\$	6,565	
interest rate		2,72%		1.88%~2,72%		2.72%	
Loan type		2025/9/30		2024/12/31	2024/9/30		
Contract period:							
Export-Import Bank		-		-		-	
		-		-		-	
Taiwan Cooperative Bank		2020/12/18~		2020/12/18~		2020/12/18~	
•		2025/12/28		2025/12/28		2025/12/28	
Other long-term borrowings		2020/12/18~		2020/12/18~	2022/12/28		
		2029/12/25		2029/12/25		2028/11/29-	

- 1. September 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and September 30, 2024, according to the provisions of the medium and long-term loan contract signed between the company and the Taiwan Cooperative Bank, the date of expiration of twelve months from the date of first utilization The first installment of principal is repaid, and subsequent installments are monthly, with a total of forty-eight installments of principal and interest being amortized evenly.
- 2. Please refer to Note 8 for details on the guarantees provided for the abovementioned loans.
- 3. Please refer to Note 12 for details of the Group's liquidity risk.
- 4. Other long-term borrowings are capital loans and borrowings from related parties. Please refer to Note 7 for details.
- 5. Other long-term loans are capital loans and loans from related parties. Please provide detailed explanations in Note 7.

#### (XII)Other payables

_		2025/9/30	2024/12/31	2024/9/30	
Salary payable	\$	31,724	\$ 36,127	\$	35,303
Payable service fee		3,019	-		3,250
Commission payable		-	-		1,220
other		18,826	17,270		23,311
	\$	53,569	\$ 53,397	\$	63,084

#### (XIII) Pension

#### 1. Defined benefit plan

- (1) The Company has made the defined benefit plan pursuant to the "Labor Standards Act," applicable to the service years of all permanent employees before the "Labor Pension Act" enforced on July 1, 2005, and the subsequent service years of the employees who elected to apply the "Labor Standards Act" after the enforcement of the "Labor Pension Act." For the employees qualified for retirement, the payment of their pensions is based on their service years and average wages of the six months prior to the retirement. For the service years within 15 years (inclusive), two bases are given for each full year of service rendered; for the rest of the years over 15 years, one base is given for each full year of service rendered. The total number of bases shall be no more than 45. The Company contributes 14% of the total wage for the retirement fund, and deposit the fund in the Bank of Taiwan under the name of the Labor Retirement Reserve Supervisory Committee. In addition, before the end of each year, the balance of the labor retirement reserve account in the preceding paragraph is computed; if the balance is insufficient to pay the estimated pension amount calculated for the worker qualified for retirement in the next year, the Company will contribute the difference in a lump sum before the end of next March.
- (2) From July 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024, and from January 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024, the pension costs recognized by the company in accordance with the above pension measures are \$0.
- (3) In 2025, the Group is expected to pay \$0 as the contribution to the retirement plan.

#### 2. Defined contribution plan

- (1) Since July 1, 2005, the Company has made the defined contribution plan in accordance with the "Labor Pension Act", which is applicable to local employees. For the part where the employees elect to apply the labor pension specified in the "Labor Pension Act," the labor pension no less than 6% of the wage is contributed to the employees' individual accounts with the Labor Insurance Bureau every month. The payment of the employee's pension may be received monthly or in a lump sum from the employees' personal pension account and the accumulated gains.
- (2) For the subsidiaries in Chinese mainland and Vietnam, pursuant to the pension insurance systems required by the local governments, the pension insurance fund at a certain percentage to the total wage of the local employees is contributed monthly to the independent accounts of the employees as the special account. The pensions of employees are arranged uniformly by the governments, and the aforesaid companies have no further obligation other than the monthly contribution.
- (3) From July 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024, and from January 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024, the pension costs recognized by the Group in accordance with the above pension regulations were respectively, \$1,928 \ \$478 \ \$2,907 and \$1,408.

#### (XIV)Share capital

1. 1. As of September 30, 2025, the registered capital of this company is

\$1,625,006, the paid-in capital is \$717,444, with a par value of \$10 per share, divided into 71,744,000 shares. The proceeds of the issued shares of this company have been received.

The number of outstanding shares of the company's common stock at the beginning and end of the period is adjusted as follows: (Unit: Thousand shares)

	2025	2024
1/1	71,744	63,295
Cash capital increase-private placement	-	8,449
9/30	71,744	71,744

2. 2. The company's shareholders' meeting resolved on May 22, 2023 that it planned to increase cash capital through private placement. The private placement base date is March 28, 2024. The purpose of the cash capital increase is to increase working capital. The number of private placement shares is 6,087,000. shares, the subscription price per share was \$11.5, a total of \$70,000 was raised, and the change registration was completed on April 17, 2024; the rights and obligations of this private placement of common shares are subject to restrictions on circulation and transfer in addition to the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Law and must be Except that it can apply for listing and trading only after three years from the delivery date and additional public issuance, it is the same as other issued ordinary shares.

#### (XV)Capital reserve

Pursuant to the Company Act, capital reserve of the income derived from the issuance of new shares at a premium and the income from endowments received by the company, other than compensating the deficit, when the Company has no accumulated loss, may be distributed as dividend shares to its original shareholders in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of them or by cash. Additionally, pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act, when the said capital reserve is capitalized, the combined amount of any portions capitalized in any 1 year may not exceed 10 percent of paid-in capital. A company shall not use the capital reserve to make good its capital loss, unless the reserve reserve is insufficient to make good such loss.

#### (XVI)Deficit yet to be compensated

- 1. If there is any surplus in the Company's earnings as concluded by the annual accounting book close, after paying tax and making up for accumulated losses, 10% shall be set aside as legal reserve, except when the legal reserve has reached the Company's paid-in capital. The special reserves shall be set aside or reversed pursuant to the laws or competent authorities' requirements; if there is any remaining balance, with the undistributed earnings in previous years it shall be set aside as the cumulative distributable earnings. After considering the Company's future funding and budget plans, and measuring the fund requirements in the coming years, the retained earnings will be used to fund; if there is any balance, the shareholders' meeting may resolve to distribute the shareholders' bonus. The percentage of cash dividends being no less than 10% of the total dividend; provided, where the cash dividend is lower than NT\$0.2, dividends may be distributed in share dividends.
- 2. The Company operates in a mature and stable industry; provided, for the future capital and budget planning, the dividends are distributed based on

the residual dividend policy.

- 3. The legal reserve and the capital reserve shall not be used except for making good the deficit (or loss) of the company or distributing new shares or cash to its original shareholders in proportion; provided the distribution of new shares or cash may not exceed 25% of the part of the reserve over the paid-in capital.
- 4. (1) When distributing the earnings, the distribution may only made from the special surplus reserve provided from the debit balance of the other equity item at the balance sheet date of the current year; later the reversal amount may be accounted to the distributable earnings when reversing the debit balance of the other equity item.
  - (2) When the IFRSs were first adopted, the special surplus reserve was set aside in the letter No. 1010012865 dated April 6, 2012. When the company subsequently uses, disposes or reclassifies the relevant assets, it will set aside the original special surplus reserve. The proportion is reversed.

The special surplus reserve that the company set aside due to the previous letter order on January 1, 2013 has been fully used to make up for losses. It needs to be supplemented after making profits. The amount of special surplus reserve that has been set aside previously has not yet been made. The composition of the implementation of sanctions is as follows:

Adding value for revaluation	\$ 58,831
Cumulative Conversion Adjustments	474
	\$ 59,305

- 5. On May 27, 2024, the company's shareholders' meeting resolved to make up for losses.
- 6. On May 28, 2025, the company's shareholders' meeting resolved to make up for losses.

#### (XVII)Other items of equit

	thro	estments ugh other orehensive	forei	gn currency			
		ncome		nversion	Other interest	S	total
2025/1/1	\$	23,107	(\$	31,457)	\$ 21	19 (\$	8,131)
<b>Equity Instrument</b>							
Evaluation							
Adjustment							
group	(	5,151	)	-		- (	5,151)
relate party	(	271	)	-		- (	271)
Foreign Currency							
Translation							
Differences						,	
group		-	(	62,741 )		- (	62,741)
relate party			(	40 )		(	40)
2025/9/30	\$	17,685	( <u>\$</u>	94,238 )	\$ 21	<u> 19 (\$</u>	76,334)
	Inv	estments		_			_
	thro	ugh other					
	com	prehensive	forei	gn currency			
	i	ncome	co	nversion	Other interest	<u>s</u>	total
2024/1/1	\$	20,241	(\$	42,951 )	\$ 21	19 (\$	22,491)

Foreign Currency Translation Differenc

group		-		1,94	0	-		1,940
2024/9/30	\$	20,241	(\$	41,01	1)\$	219	(\$	20,551)
(XVIII)Operating re	venue							
		2025/7/1-	9/30			2024/7/	1-9/30	
Revenue	\$			360,826	\$			519,367
		2025/1/1-	9/30			2024/1/	1-9/30	
Revenue	\$		1,	138,089	\$			1,182,260
		· ·				·		

- 1. The Group's revenue is derived from products transferred at a point in time. See note 14 for the breakdown of revenue.
- 2. The Group recognizes contract liabilities related to revenue from contracts with customers as follows:

	2025/9/30	2024/12/31	2024/9/30	2024/1/1
contract liabilities	\$ 4,369	\$ 9,699	\$ 39,797	\$ 39,417

The amount of contract liabilities recognized as income in the current period from July 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024 and from January 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024 were respectively \$2,830 \ \$0 \ \$8,738 and \$291.

(XIX)Other gains or losses							
		2	2025/7/1-9/30			2024/7/1-9/3	0
Gain on disposal of investm	ents	\$		-	\$		_
Exchange (Loss)Gain			5,3	371			8,945
Gain on reversal of impairm	ent loss						26,245
Disposal of real estate, loss	of plant and						
equipment				-	(		746)
Other Loss			8	347	(		326)
		\$	6,2	218	\$		34,118
		2	2025/1/1-9/30			2024/1/1-9/3	0
Gain on disposal of investm	ents	\$	70,3	343	\$		
Exchange Gain		(	24,1	187)			20,068
Gain on reversal of impairm	ent loss			-			26,245
Disposal of real estate, loss	of plant and						
equipment				-	(		1,448)
Other Loss		(	7,9	913 )	(		691)
		\$	38,2	243	\$		44,174
(XX) Financial costs		-					
		2025/7	/1-9/30			2024/7/1-9/30	
Interest Exp.	\$		6,655	\$			7,078
Other Financial Exp.			34				1,156
	\$		6,689	\$			8,234
		2025/1	/1-9/30			2024/1/1-9/30	
Interest Exp.	\$		24,360	\$			28,196
Other Financial Exp			108				3,095
	\$		24,468	\$			31,291
		97					

# (XXI)Additional information of the expense nature

\$

\$

		2025/7/1-9/30	2024/7/1-9/30
Employee Benefits	\$	35,846	\$ 44,833
depreciation		13,376	23,549
amortization		953	235
Total	\$	50,175	\$ 68,617
		2025/1/1-9/30	2024/1/1-9/30
Employee Benefits	\$	109,133	\$ 119,421
depreciation		51,407	71,085
amortization		1,524	690
Total	\$	162,064	\$ 191,196
(XXII)Employee benefit	expense		
		2025/7/1-9/30	2024/7/1-9/30
salary	\$	25,640	\$ 38,565
social insurance		3,366	4,226

1,928

4,912

35,846 \$

87,075 \$

11,043

2,907

8,108

478

1,564

44,833

102,200

11,348

1,408

4,465

2024/1/1-9/30

Total	\$	109,133	\$	119,421			
1. According to	the Compan	y's Articles of Incorpo	oration,	when distributing			
earnings, the Company shall allocate no less than 3% and no more than							
15% as the employees' remuneration, and no more than 3% as the directors'							
remuneration							

2025/1/1-9/30

- 2. As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company reported accumulated losses, and thus estimated no remuneration to employees and directors pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation.
  - The information regarding the employees' and directors' remunerations approved by the Board may be inquired at MOPS.

#### (XXIII)<u>Income tax</u>

pension

other

Total

salary

pension

other Total

social insurance

(I)Income tax benefits

Composition of income tax expense benefits:

composition of meeting		p o o o			
		2025/7/1-9/30		2024/7/1-9/30	
Deferred income tax:					
temporary difference reversal	\$		-	\$	1,809
income tax benefit	\$		-	\$	1,809
		2025/1/1-9/30		2024/1/1-9/30	
Deferred income tax:					
temporary difference reversal	(\$		169 )	\$	1,224

income tax benefit (\$ 169) \$ 1,224

(II) The tax authorities have approved the Company's business income tax returns through 2022.

# (XXIV)Loss per share

		2025/7/	1 0/30			
Net	Income	AV0 outstan	G ding		EPS (NTD)	
	25 207 )		71 744	<b>( ©</b>		0.35)
(_5	25,307		/1,/44	( <u> </u>		<u>0.33</u> )
(	25,307 )					
	<u>-</u>					
(\$	25.307 )		71.744	(\$		0.35)
( +				<u> </u>		
		AVO	Ĵ		FDC	
Net	Income		_			
	10,521		71,744	\$		0.15
	10,521					
\$	10,521	2025/1/	71,744	\$		0.15
		AVO	G		EPS	
Net	Income	Shar	es		(NTD)	
	19 509 )		71 744	<b>( ©</b>		0.26
( p	10,390		/1,/44	( <u> </u>		0.20
(	18,598)					
	(\$ Net   \$ Net   (\$	(\$ 25,307)  (\$ 25,307)  Net Income  \$ 10,521  Net Income  \$ 10,521  Net Income	Net Income   Shar	(\$ 25,307 ) 71,744 (	Net Income	Net Income

Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:							
-Employee compensation		-		-			
Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company							
Net income plus the effect of							
potential ordinary shares	<u></u>	18,598	)_	71,744	(		0.26)
				2024/1/1-9/30			
		N I		AVG outstanding		EPS	
D : 1 1		Net Income	_	Shares		(NTD)	
Basic loss per share							
Net income attributable to parent							
company	\$	173,226	_	68,238	\$		2.54
Diluted Earnings Per Share							
Net income attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent company		173,226		68,238			
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:							
-Employee compensation	_		_				
Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company							
Net income plus the effect of							
potential ordinary shares	\$	173,226		68,238	\$_		2.54
		01	_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_

# (XXV)Supplementary information of cash flow

1. Cash payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment:

	2025	5/1/1-9/30	2024	/1/1-9/30
Purchase of real estate, plant and equipment	\$	4,843	\$	3,330
Prepayment for equipment at the beginning	(	113)	(	4,639)
Reclassification of prepaid equipment payments		-		4,639
Current cash expenditure	\$	4,730	\$	3,330

2.On March 5, 2025, the Group sold 52.14% of the equity interest in KOREA TEXTILE & DYEING SUPPORT SERVICES JOINT STOCK COMPANY ("KTD"), resulting in the Group losing control over the subsidiary. The consideration received from the transaction (including the cash portion) is the following information on the relevant assets and liabilities of the subsidiary:

	2025/3/5
Receive consideration	
Cash	\$ 74,546
Carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the KTD subsidiary	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,935
Accounts receivable	8,362
Inventories	3,803

Prepayments		669
Property, Plant and Equipment		142,566
Right-of-use asset		74,888
Other non-current assets		138
Short-term borrowings	(	-)
Accounts payable	(	192,387)
Other payables	(	4,656)
Other non-current liabilities	(	113)
Total net assets	\$	35,205

# (XXVI)Changes in liabilities from financing activities

Changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities in the first three quarter of 2025 and 2024 were mainly due to borrowings, repayments, lease principal repayments, exchange rate effects, and changes in lease liabilities. See the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

#### VII.Related party transaction

#### (I)Name and relationships of related parties

Company	Relation
GREAT BELL PRINTING & DYEING CO., LTD.	Related Party
InnoPeak Co.Ltd.	Other Related
KINGTEX CORPORATION	Other Related
PHAN LE DIEM TRANG	Other Related
NAMKUNG CHUL WOONG	Other Related
Yung Huang Investment Co., Ltd.	Other Related
HANBO LIVESTOCK & FARMING PRODUCTS CO., LTD.	Other Related
Chen Jianmin	Other Related
Yan Lirong	Other Related
Chen Xiuzhong	chairman
Chen Jianzhou	GM

#### (II) Material transactional matters with related parties

#### 1. Operating revenue

	2025/7/1-9/30	2024/7/1-9/30					
Sales:					_		
Great Bell	\$	-	\$		-		
	 2025/1/1-9/30			2024/1/1-9/30	_		
Sales:							
Great Bell	\$	71	\$		-		

The transaction prices of goods sold by the Group to related parties are not significantly different from those sold to general customers.

#### 2. Outsourcing processing

	 2025/7/1-9/30	2024/7/1-9/30				
Labor FEE:						
Great Bell	\$ 560	\$		1,227		
	 2025/1/1-9/30		2024/1/1-9/30			
Labor FEE:						
Great Bell	\$ 1,410	\$		1,592		

The transaction price of the printing and dyeing processing services provided by the Group's related parties is not significantly different from that of ordinary customers.

#### 3. Other receivables

		2025/9/30		2024/12/31	2024/9/30		
Other receivable-invested using equity method  Cash capital reduction and return	,						
of shares:							
-Great Bell						-	
Other receivable-Fund loan							
-InnoPeak Co.Ltd.	\$	15,627	\$	15,365	\$	15,232	
Less: Allowance for losses	(	10,081)(		9,819)(		9,686)	
	\$	5,546	\$	5,546	\$	5,546	

- (1) The loan period of the Group's capital loan and that of InnoPeak is from July 22, 2024 to July 21, 2025. The interest rate is calculated based on the cost of capital plus 0.3%, but shall not be lower than the benchmark interest rate announced by Taiwan banks.
- (2) The Group recognized an impairment loss of \$262 until September 30, 2025, based on the estimated recoverable amount from the operating performance of InnoPeak.

#### 4. Accounts payable

	202	25/9/30	2024/12/31		2024/9/30
Accounts payable:					
Great Bell	\$	757	\$ 886	\$_	1,288

Amounts payable to related parties are mainly payments for outsourcing processing, and the payment terms are monthly settlements of 60 days.

#### 5. Transaction of property

				2025/1/1-9/30
			transaction	
Related Party	Item	Stock	targe	 Proceeds received
Great Bell	equity method investment	5,179K	common stock	\$ 51,794

# 6. <u>Capital loans - loans from related parties (presented under "Other current and non-current liabilities")</u>

	2025/9/30		20	24/12/31	2024/9/30		
Other Related Party-current							
Great Bell	\$	34,850	\$	25,004	\$	288,972	
Yung Huang Investment Co., Ltd.		-		149,000		217,521	
Chen Xiuzhong		-		26,561		48,900	
PHAN LE DIEM TRANG		-		10,690		10,699	
NAMKUNG CHUL WOONG		-		4,083		4,086	
Yan Lirong		-		37,344		-	
	\$	34,850	\$	252,682	\$	570,178	

	2025/9/30		2024/12/31	2024/9/30
Other Related Party-non current			_	
Great Bell	\$	106,038	\$ 131,462	\$ 123,452
Yung Huang Investment Co., Ltd.		107,000	7,000	-
Chen Xiuzhong		79,900	60,000	8,629
Yan Lirong			 -	8,549
	\$	292,938	\$ 198,462	\$ 140,630

The above-mentioned related party loans are the financing needs of the Company and its subsidiary KOREA TEXTILE & DYEING SUPPORT SERVICES JOINT STOCK COMPANY from other shareholders. Except for the agreed interest rates of 1.88% to 2.53%, 3% to 3.29%, 2.50% to 2.53% for Chen Xiuzhong, Yonghuang Investment Co., Ltd., Great Bell and Yan Lirong, the rest have no interest. As of September 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and September 30, 2024, the interest payable to related parties was \$5,291, \$4,407 and \$0 respectively.

## 7. Endorsements/guarantees provided by related parties

(1) Land pledged by affiliates as collateral for loans

Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd. a land disposal transaction contract with an outsider in November 2023. According to the contract, the loan from a financial institution obtained by the Company using the land as collateral will be repaid by the land disposal price of Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd. The Company will also use the distribution received from Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd. profit distribution to repay the portion of the land disposal price of Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd. The portion that is insufficient to repay will be repaid to Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd. in 48 equal installments. The land transfer procedure and repayment of the loan from the financial institution were completed in June 2024. In response to the bank loan of \$487,926 mentioned above, the company has approved by the board of directors and the audit committee to pledge 7,300,000 shares of Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd. held by the company to the third party designated by Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd. Hambo livestock & farming products CO. (hereinafter referred to as " Hambo livestock & farming products "), and agreed that the amount of the pledged stock will be received by the pledgee as the repayment of Great Bell As of September 30, 2025, the balance of the bank loan of \$140,888 mentioned above was recorded as short-term loans and longterm loans (including those due within one year).

In response to the aforementioned compensation by Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd., our company, in addition to providing the Great Bell held by our company as collateral to Hambo livestock & farming products, has also negotiated with Chen Xiuzhong and Yan Lirong to assist in providing a total of 2,150,000 Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd. held by them as collateral to Hambo livestock & farming products, a third party designated by Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd.. It is also agreed that the amount distributed from the pledged stocks will be received by the pledgee as the completion of the repayment to Great Bell Dyeing and Printing Co., Ltd., and the repayment amount will be deemed as a loan from our company to the above-mentioned related party.

(2) Related parties provided land and stocks as collateral for loans

2025/9/30 2024/12/31 2024/9/30

		Loan				Loan				Loan			
	(	Guarantee	Lo	an used	(	Guarantee	L	oan used	(	Guarantee		Loanused	
		Amount				Amount				Amount			
Yan Lirong	\$	100,000	\$	4,973	\$	100,000	\$	42,287	\$		_	\$	_

As of September 30, 2025, December 31, 2024, and September 30, 2024, the joint guarantors, Hsiu-Chung Chen or Li-Jung Yen, pledged their shares as collateral for the Company's short-term borrowings. In addition, Ms. Li-Jung Yen also provided land as additional collateral and committed to continue providing guarantees required for the Company's short-term financing needs.

(3) As of September 30, 2025, December 31, 2024, and September 30, 2024, Chen Xiuzhong, Chen Jianzhou, and Yan Lirong provided joint guarantees for long-term and short-term loans.

## (III) Information of remuneration of key management personnel

	202	5/7/1-9/30	2024/7/1-9/30			
Salary	\$	2,383 \$		2,011		
Pension		54		54		
	\$	2,437 \$		2,065		
	202	5/1/1-9/30	2024	/1/1-9/30		
Salary	\$	8,114 \$		6,505		
Pension		162		162		
	\$	8,276 \$		6,667		

#### VIII. Pledged Assets

The carrying amounts of assets pledged by the Group as collateral are presented below:

		Book Value					
Assets Item	Guarantee	20	)25/9/30		2024/12/31	2024/9/30	
current assets							
Bank savings	Bank Loan	\$	102,016	\$	119,204	\$	119,294
Property, Plant and Equipment							
land	Bank Loan		-		-		-
housing and construction	Bank Loan		58,786		62,716		161,107
mechanical equipment	Bank Loan		67,536		237,266		248,013
right-of-use asset							
Land use rights	Bank Loan		-		-		75,587
Investments using the equity	non-financial						
method- Great Bell	institutions		137,810		149,750		343,559
		\$	366,148	\$	568,936	\$	947,560

# IX. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Commitments

#### I. Contingent matters

None.

#### II. Commitment matter

1. Issued but not yet used letters of credit

The amounts of letters of credit issued for purchase goods and machinery equipment but yet used are as below:

	2025/9/30	2024/12/31	2024/9/30		
Unused LC	\$ -	\$ 8,853	3 \$ 29,624		

2. Capital expenditures that have been contracted but not yet incurred

	2025/9/30		2024/12/31	2024/9/30		
Intangible assets	\$	- \$	1,437	\$	2,414	

#### X. Losses Due to Major Disasters

None.

#### XI. Significant Events

None.

#### XII.Others

(I) The Group's current ratio as of September 30, 2025 was 112.3%, which is a significant improvement compared to previous quarters. However, the Group continues to strive for improvement, and the relevant measures to address this issue in the future are explained below:

#### 1. Business:

In terms of business operations, the Group will continue to optimize product mix, improve gross profit margins, and expand services to customers to improve performance.

- (1) Spinning Division will continue to work with niche customers to increase the production and sales ratio of specialty yarn products and improve production efficiency and quality to raise gross profit margins.
- (2) Fabrics Division will continue to develop new products for target customers, deepen the vertical integration of products and services, and expand product share, and can be expected to effectively improve performance.

#### 2. Finance:

- (1) To ensure the continued operation of the Group, the Group's shareholders' meeting on May 28, 2025, approved a private placement of ordinary shares with a par value of NT\$10 per share and a maximum number of 10 million shares to be issued.
- (2) The Group has a good record of dealings with the existing financial institutions, and all financing loan limits have been provided with reasonable guarantees. It is estimated by reference to the history of financing and renewal in previous years, all financing loan contracts can be renewed with new terms before expiration to extend the original financing limits.
- (3) The Group has the undertaking from major shareholders for continuous financial support to the Group, whereby they agree to assist the Group to continue operating and repay debts if necessary.

(4) The Company will continue to actively examine all of its assets and resources on hand, and revitalize the assets to maximize the benefits and value created for the Company under market assessment. It is expected that this will effectively improve the Company's financial position.

# (II) <u>Capital management</u>

The capital management goal of the Group is to ensure the Group's continuing operation, maintain the best capital structure to reduce the capital costs, and provide returns to shareholders. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issuance of new shares, or sell assets to lower the debts.

### (III) Financial instruments

#### 1. Categories of financial instruments

<u> </u>	2025/9/30		 2024/12/31	2024/9/30	
<u>financial assets</u> Fair value through other comprehensive income	\$	42,824	\$ 47,975	\$	45,862
Measured at amortized cost		214,714	279,168		412,633
	\$	257,538	\$ 327,143	\$	458,495
financial liabilities	-				
Measured at amortized cost	\$	817,438	\$ 1,307,283	\$	1,546,587

Note: Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, notes and accounts receivable, other receivables, and other current assets; financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include short-term borrowings, notes and accounts payable, and other payables, long-term loans (including those due within one year), corporate bonds payable, and other non-current liabilities.

#### 2. Risk management policy

- (1) The Group's daily operations are subjected to various financial risks, including market risk (including exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictable matters in financial markets and seeks to mitigate the potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
- (2) The Group's Finance Department manages risks as per any policy approved by the Board of Directors. The Group's Finance Department is responsible for identifying, evaluating and avoiding financial risks through close collaboration with various operating units within the Group. The Board has written principles for overall risk management, and also provides written policies for specific extent and matters, such as exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of remaining current capital.
- 3. Nature and extent of material financial risks
  - (1) Market risk

Foreign currency risk

- A. The Group is a multinational company that is subject to exchange rate risk arising from transactions where the functional currency of exchanges is different from that of the Company and its subsidiaries, which are mainly denominated in USD and VND. The related exchange risks come from the commercial transactions in the future and the recognized assets and liabilities.
- B. The Group's management has made a policy for each entity within the Group to manage exchange rate risk relative to its functional currency. Each entity shall hedge its overall exchange rate risk via the Group's Finance Department. The measurement of the exchange rate risk is through the expected transactions very likely to generate USD and VND expenditures, and the forward exchange contracts are adopted to reduce the impact from the exchange rate fluctuation on the expected costs to purchase inventories.
- C. The Group's business involves several non-functional currencies (the functional currency is NTD for the Company and USD and/or VND for some subsidiaries), which is subject to exchange rate fluctuations. Foreign currency assets and liabilities subjected to material exchange rate fluctuations are summarized as below:

		2025/9/30		
		Exchange	Book Value	
	Foreign Currency	Rate	(NT)	
Foreign Currency:				
Functional Currency				
Financial assets				
monetary item				
USD: NTD	\$ 3,649	30.515	\$ 111,349	
USD: VND	785	26,235	23,962	
<u>Subsidiary</u>				
USD: NTD	16,591	30.515	506,274	
VND: USD	433,754,436	0.0000386	16,533	
financial liabilities				
monetary item				
USD: NTD	27	30.515	824	
USD: VND	6,121	26,235	186,790	
	,		, and the second se	
		2024/12/31		
			Book Value	
	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Book Value (NT)	
Foreign Currency:	Foreign Currency	Exchange		
Foreign Currency: Functional Currency	Foreign Currency	Exchange		
•	Foreign Currency	Exchange		
Functional Currency	Foreign Currency	Exchange		
Functional Currency Financial assets	Foreign Currency \$ 12,949	Exchange Rate		
Functional Currency <u>Financial assets</u> <u>monetary item</u>		Exchange Rate 32.725	(NT)	
Functional Currency <u>Financial assets</u> <u>monetary item</u> USD: NTD	\$ 12,949	Exchange Rate 32.725	(NT) \$ 423,756	
Functional Currency Financial assets monetary item USD: NTD USD: VND	\$ 12,949	Exchange Rate  32.725 25,248	(NT) \$ 423,756	
Functional Currency Financial assets monetary item USD: NTD USD: VND Subsidiary	\$ 12,949 5,702	Exchange Rate  32.725 25,248  32.725	(NT) \$ 423,756 186,603	
Functional Currency Financial assets monetary item USD: NTD USD: VND Subsidiary USD: NTD	\$ 12,949 5,702 17,390	Exchange Rate  32.725 25,248  32.725	(NT) \$ 423,756 186,603 569,088	
Functional Currency Financial assets  monetary item USD: NTD USD: VND Subsidiary USD: NTD VND: USD	\$ 12,949 5,702 17,390	Exchange Rate  32.725 25,248  32.725	(NT) \$ 423,756 186,603 569,088	
Functional Currency Financial assets  monetary item USD: NTD USD: VND  Subsidiary USD: NTD VND: USD  financial liabilities	\$ 12,949 5,702 17,390	Exchange Rate  32.725 25,248  32.725 0.0000396	(NT) \$ 423,756 186,603 569,088	

USD: VND	16,354		25,248	535,1	
			2024/9/30		
		Exchange			Book Value
	Fore	eign Currency	Rate	(NT)	
Foreign Currency:					
Functional Currency <u>Financial assets</u>					
monetary item					
USD: NTD	\$	26,472	31.69	\$	838,898
USD: VND		5,077	24,430		160,889
<u>Subsidiary</u>					
USD: NTD		2,720	31.69		86,197
VND: USD		114,119,974	0.0000409		148,036
financial liabilities					
monetary item					
USD: NTD		840	31.69		26,620
USD: VND		32,108	24,430		1,017,502

For the sensitivity analysis of the foreign currency exchange rate risk, the calculation mainly focused on the monetary items of foreign currency at the ending date of the financial reporting period. When NTD appreciates or depreciates by 1% against other currencies, the Group's net loss after tax in the first three quarter of 2025 and 2024 would be increased or decreased by \$418 and \$443 respectively.

D. Due to the significant impact of exchange rate fluctuations, the Group's monetary items were fully converted (losses) from July 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024, and from January 1 to September 30, 2025 and 2024. The aggregate amounts of benefits (including realized and unrealized) are \$5,371, \$8,945, (\$24,187) and \$20,068 respectively.

#### Price risk

- A. The Group's equity instruments exposed to price risk are financial assets at FVTPL and financial assets at FVOCI. To manage the price risk of the investment in equity instruments, the Group diversifies the portfolio, based one the limits set by the Group.
- B. The Group primarily invests in equity instruments that are TWSE/TPEx-listed or not listed. The prices of these equity instruments are affected by their uncertain future values. If the prices of these equity instruments rose or fell by 1%, with all other factors unchanged, there would be no significant impact on the Group's net profit in the first three quarters of 2025 and 2024 due to gains or losses on equity instruments measured at fair value.

# Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- A. The Group's interest rate risk arises from bank loans. The borrowings issued at the floating interest rates cause the Group to sustain the interest rate risk for the cash flow; partial risk are offset by the held cash and cash equivalents at the floating rate. In the first three quarters of 2025 and 2024, the Group's borrowings at floating rates were denominated in NTD, USD, and VND.
- B. The Group simulates multiple programs and analyzes interest rate risk, including considering refinancing, renewal of existing positions, other available financing and hedging, to calculate the impact of changes in

- specific interest rates on profit or loss. For each simulation programs, all currencies adopts the same interest rate change. Such simulation programs are only applied to the material liability position accruing interests.
- C. According to the simulation results, a 0.5% change in the interest rate would increase the net income before tax in the first three quarters of 2025 and 2024 by NT\$1,194 and NT\$1,717 respectively.

#### (2) Credit risk

- A. The Group's credit risk is the risk of financial losses incurred to the Group after the counterparty of the customer's financial instruments fail to fulfill its contractual obligations, mainly from the reasonable cash flows of accounts receivable the counterparty is unable to pay off according to the payment terms.
- B. The Group manages credit risk from a group perspective. For the banks and financial institutions to establish a business relationship, only these banks with good credit and the financial institutions with an investment grade or higher are accepted as the counterparties of transactions. Pursuant to the specified internal crediting policy, each operating entity within the Group shall conduct the management and credit risk analysis for any new customer before determining the terms and conditions for payment and delivery. The internal risk control is to assess the credit quality of a customer by taking its financial position, experience, and other factors into account. The limit of an individual risk is established by the Board based on the internal or external credit ratings, and the use of the credit limit is monitored regularly.
- C. When the contract payments are more than 90 days past due according to the agreed payment terms, it is deemed that the credit risk on the financial assets has increased significantly since original recognition; when the contract payments are 181 days past due according to the agreed payment terms, it is deemed that a default has occurred.

The aging analysis of the accounts receivable is as below:

	20	025/9/30	20	024/12/31	2024/9/30		
not overdue	\$	73,542	\$	96,125	\$	108,047	
witnin 90 days		41,371		52,432		78,638	
91 ~ 180 days		278		1,869		668	
over 181 days		2,765		4,900		8,055	
	\$	117,956	\$	155,326	\$	195,408	

The above is the age analysis based on the overdue days.

- D. The indicators used by the Group to determine if debt instrument investments are credit-impaired are summarized as follows:
  - (A) The issuer is suffering serious financial difficulty, or it is increasingly probable that the issuer will go into bankruptcy or other financial restructuring;
  - (B) The issuer has the active market for the financial assets disappearing due to its financial difficulty;
  - (C) The issuer delays the repayment of, or fails to repay, the interest or principal;
  - (D) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions resulting in a default by the issuer.
- E.After the recourse procedure, the Group will write off the amount of financial assets that cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered;

- provided that, the Group will continue to proceed with the legal recourse procedure to preserve the rights of the claims. As of September 30,2025 \cdot December 31, 2024 and September 30,2024, the Group's claims that were written off and still had recourse activities amounted to all are \$15,087.
- F.The Group has adopts a simplified approach to estimate the expected credit losses based on the provision matrix of rolling rates, and adjusts the loss rate established according to the historical and current information for a specific period for future-looking considerations to estimate notes and accounts receivable. The provision matrix using rolling rates as of September 30,2025 December 31, 2024 and September 30,2024 is presented as follows:

	not overdue		within 90 days		91 ~ 180 days		over 181 days		Total	
<u>2025/9/30</u>										
Rate		1.83%	4.83%		47.84%		100.00%			
Account Receivable	\$	73,542	\$ 41,371	\$	278	\$	2,765	\$	117,956	
Allowance	\$	1,349	\$ 1,999	\$	133	\$	2,765	\$	6,246	
2024/12/31										
Rate		1.87%	4.92%		48.90%		100.00%			
Account Receivable	\$	96,125	\$ 52,432	\$	1,869	\$	4,900	\$	155,326	
Allowance	\$	1,798	\$ 2,580	\$	914	\$	4,900	\$	10,192	
2024/9/30										
Rate		1.98%	5.20%		51.65%		100.00%			
Account Receivable	\$	108,047	\$ 78,638	\$	668	\$	8,055	\$	195,408	
Allowance	\$	2,135	\$ 4,087	\$	345	\$	8,055	\$	14,622	

G. The Group's simplified statement of changes in the loss allowance on notes and accounts receivable is presented as follows:

		Accounts r	able	Other receivables				
	,	2025		2024		2025		2024
1/1	\$	10,192	\$	9,978	\$	9,819	\$	
Turn around		627		4,460		262		9,686
Exchange effect	()	4,573)		184		_		-
9/30	\$	6,246	\$	14,622	\$	10,081	\$	9,686

- (3) Liquidity risk
  - A. Cash flows are forecast by each operating entity within the Group and summarized by the Group's Finance Department. The Finance Department of the Group monitors the forecasts of the liquidity of the Group, and ensures sufficient capitals to fund the operating requirements, and to maintain enough undrawn limit of the borrowing commitments all the time, so that the Group is free from any violation of related borrowing limit or terms. Such forecasts considers the Group's debt and financing plants, compliance of debt terms, the financial ratio target determined internally, and the external supervisory regulatory requirements.
  - B. The surplus cash held by each operating entity will be transferred back to the Group's Finance Department if it is greater than required for the management of working capital. The Finance Department of the Group invests the remaining capital in the demand deposit with interests, time-

deposit, money deposit, and marketable securities; the instruments selected have due maturities or sufficient liquidity to respond to the aforesaid forecast and provide the sufficient funding level for deployment, and are expected to generate cash flow instantly, to manage the liquidity risk.

C. The Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, and derivative financial liabilities delivered on a net or gross amount basis, are grouped according to their relevant maturity dates. Non-derivative financial liabilities are analyzed based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the agreed maturity date. Derivative financial liabilities are analyzed based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the expected maturity date.

As of September 30, 2025 \ December 31,2024 and September 30,2024, the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities included short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, long-term borrowings (including those due within a year), corporate bonds payable, and lease liabilities. Except for long-term borrowings, corporate bonds payable, and lease liabilities, all financial liabilities were mature in days less than one year.

The following table discloses the undiscounted contractual cash flow amounts of corporate bonds payable, long-term borrowings (including calculated interest payable and long-term borrowings due within one year), long-term borrowings payable to related parties and lease liabilities:

	Within	1 Year		1 ~2 Year		2 ~ 5 Year		Total	
2025/9/30 Long term loan	\$	37,299	\$	84,092	\$	216,782	\$	338,173	
	Within	1 Year		1 ~2 Year		2 ~ 5 Year		Total	
2024/12/31									
Long term loan	\$	250,491	\$	39,161	\$	164,018	\$	453,670	
	Within 1 Year		1 ∼2 Year		2 ~ 5 Year			Total	
2024/9/30									
Long term loan (Including payables									
to related parties	\$	378,936	\$	40,719	\$	101,646	\$	521,301	

D. The Group does not expect that the timing of cash flows analyzed at the maturity date will be significantly earlier, or the actual amount will be significantly different.

#### (IV)Information on fair value

- 1. For the fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value, see Note 12(3)1.
- 2. The levels of valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments are defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. Active markets are ones where asset and liability transactions take place with sufficient frequency and volume for pricing information to be provided

on the ongoing basis. The fair values of the Group's investments in the TWSE/TPex listed shares belong to this level.

- Level 2: The direct or indirect observable inputs of the assets or liabilities; but these included in the quotations of Level 1 are excluded.
- Level 3: The unobservable inputs of assets or liabilities. The fair values of the Group's investments in equity instruments without any active market at this level.
- 3. The Group classifies the financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value based on the nature, characteristics, and risk of the assets and liabilities, and fair value levels, as detailed below:
  - As of September 30,2025, December 31, 2024 and September 30,2024, the Group's financial instruments at Level 3 valuation were \$42,824, \$47,975 and \$45,862 respectively.
- 4. The approaches and assumptions adopted by the Group to measure fair values are stated as below:
  - (1) If the Group adopts a market quotation as an input to fair value measurement (i.e. Level 1), the characteristics of the instruments are presented as follows:

Market quotation Open Market Stock
Stock closing price

- Market quotation (2)
- Financial instruments other than the said financial instruments with active markets are measured at fair value through valuation techniques or by reference to quotations from counterparties. The fair values obtained with the valuation techniques may refer to the current fair values of the financial instruments with substantially similar conditions or characteristics, or with other valuation techniques, including the calculation of the obtainable market information at the consolidated balance sheet date with a model.
- (3) Derivative financial instruments are measured based on valuation models widely accepted by market users, such as the discount method and the option pricing model. The forward foreign exchange contracts usually adopt the current valuation of the forward exchange rates.
- (4) The output of a valuation model is the estimated value, and valuation techniques may not reflect all the factors related to the financial instruments and non-financial instruments held by the Group. Therefore, the forecasted value of the valuation model may be adjusted properly based on additional parameters, such as the model risks or the liquidity risk. Based on the Group's management policy and control procedures for the fair value valuation model, the management believes to fairly present the fair values of the financial and non-financial instruments in the consolidated balance sheet, the valuation adjustment is properly and necessary. The price information and parameters used during the valuation process are prudentially evaluated, and properly adjusted based on the current market conditions.
- (5) The Group incorporates credit risk valuation into the calculation of the fair value of financial instruments and non-financial instruments to reflect the counterparty's credit risk and the Group's credit quality.

5. In the first three quarters of 2025 and 2024, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

6. Changes in Level 3 in the first three quarters of 2025 and 2024 are presented below:

	Equity Securities						
		2025		2024			
1/1	\$	47,975	\$	45,862			
recognized in other comprehensive income	(	5,151	)	_			
9/30	\$	42,824	\$	45,862			

7. In the first three quarters of 2025 and 2024, there was no transfer in and out of Level 3.

8. For Level 3 fair value measurement, the Group has its Finance Department and independent valuation experts responsible for the independent fair value verification of financial instruments, making the valuation results close to the market status using independent source data, and regularly reviewing to ensure reasonable valuation results.

Additionally, the Finance Department prescribes the valuation policies for the fair value of financial instrument, the valuation procedures, and the confirms the compliance with the requirements of the IFRSs.

9. The quantitative information on material unobservable inputs used in the valuation model adopted for Level 3 fair value measurement items and the sensitivity analysis of changes in material unobservable inputs are presented as below:

	2025/9/30		Significant	Weighted	Input quality and fair		
	fair Value	Model	unobservable input	average	value relationship		
non-derivative ed	quity						
Non-Open market company	\$ 42,824	analogy	Price-to-book ratio	1.49	The higher the share price to fair value ratio, the higher the fair value The lower the		
			Market capitalization base debt ratio	0.02	market value basis debt ratio, the higher the		
			liquidity discount	30.00%	fair value The higher the liquidity discount, the lower the fair value		
	2024/12/31 fair Value	Model	Significant unobservable input	Weighted average	Input quality and fair value relationship		
non-derivative ed instruments Non-Open market company	quity \$ 47,975	analogy	Price-to-book ratio	224	The higher the share price to fair value ratio, the higher the fair value		

_		4/12/31 : Value	Model	Significant unobservable input	Weighted average	Input quality and fair value relationship
				Market capitalization base debt ratio	0.23	The lower the market value basis debt ratio, the higher the fair value
		li		liquidity discount	30.00%	The higher the liquidity discount, the lower the fair value
2024/9/30 fair Value		Model	Significant unobservable input	Weighted average	Input quality and fair value relationship	
non-derivative eq	uity		_		-	
Non-Open market company	\$	45,862	analogy	Price-to-book ratio	2.01	The higher the share price to fair value ratio, the higher the fair value
				Market capitalization base debt ratio	0.15	The lower the market value basis debt ratio, the higher the fair value
				liquidity discount	30.00%	The higher the liquidity discount, the lower the fair value

10. The Group has adopted a valuation model and parameters with prudential assessment and selection; provided, using different valuation models and parameters may result in different valuation results. For the financial assets and liabilities classified as Level 3, if the valuation parameters change, the impacts on the profit and loss or other comprehensive income of the current period are as below:

			=	2025/9/30 recognized in other comprehensive income			
Financial Assets	Input	Change	_	favorable	unfavorable		
equity instruments	Price-to-book ratio	± 1%	\$	318 (\$	318)		
	Market capitalization base debt ratio	± 1%		7 (	7)		
	liquidity discount	± 1%		63 ( 2024/12	63 ) /31		
			_	recognized in other incom	•		
Financial Assets	Input	Change	- 	favorable	unfavorable		
equity instruments	Price-to-book ratio	± 1%	\$	536 (\$	536)		

	Market capitalization debt ratio	base	± 1%		110 (		110)
	liquidity discount		± 1%		71 (		71)
					2024	/9/30	
				_	recognized in oth	er compreh	ensive
				_	inco	ome	
Financial Assets	Input		Change		favorable	unfavo	rable
equity instruments	Price-to-book ratio		± 1%	\$	459 (	\$	459)
	Market capitalization debt ratio	base	± 1%		69 (		69)
	liquidity discount		$\pm~1\%$		68 (		68)

#### XIII Other Disclosures

For the disclosures of investees, some of them are prepared based on the financial statements self-prepared and audited by the CPAs. The following transactions among the Company and subsidiaries are offset when preparing the consolidated statements, and the following disclosures are for reference only.

# (I) Information on Significant Transactions

- 1. Loans to others: See Appendix 1.
- 2. Endorsements/guarantees provided: See Appendix 2.
- 3. Marketable securities held at the end of the period (excluding investments in subsidiaries, affiliates, and jointly controlled entities): See Appendix 3.
- 4. Purchases or sales of goods from and to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: none.
- 5. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: See Appendix 4.
- 6. Business relations between the parent company and its subsidiaries, and the status and amount of important transactions: See Appendix 5.

#### (II) Information on Investees

The name and location of investees and other relevant information (excluding investees located in mainland): See Appendix 6.

#### (III) Information on Investment in Mainland China

- 1.Basic information: See Appendix 7.
- 2. Significant transactions with investees in Mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third area: none.

#### XIV. Information of Operating Segments

#### (I) General information

The Group has two reportable segments, namely the yarn segment and fabric segment. The reportable segment are the strategic business units, to provide different products and services. Since each strategic business unit requires different technologies and marketing strategies, they need to be managed separately.

The Group deems the sales and transfer between the segments as the

transactions with third parties, and complies with the arm's length principle. The profit and loss of segment is the balance of the segment revenue deducting the segment costs, operating costs and capital costs used. Segment costs, operating expenses, and borrowing costs are costs, operating expenses, and interest expenses related to revenue from the product department; however, segment costs, operating expenses, and interest expenses do not include losses to the Company unrelated to the segments.

The information of each operating segment is prepared based on the Group's accounting policies. The operating decision makers mainly take the revenues and income before tax of each operating segment as the indicators to assess the performance and resource allocation.

### (II) Information of reportable segment

The information of reportable segments provided to the chief operating decision makers is as below:

	2025/7/1-9/30													
		Yarn			Fabric	Adju	stment		Total					
Revenue														
From Outside	\$	140,619		\$	220,207	\$	-	\$	360,826					
From Group							<u>-</u>							
Total Revenue	\$	140,619		\$	220,207	\$		\$	360,826					
Departmental profit or loss (	\$	505)	(	\$	24,802	\$	_	(\$	25,307					
Including							_							
Depreciation amortization	\$	14,070		\$	259	\$		\$	14,329					
Interest income	\$	214		\$	281	\$		\$	495					
Interest expenditure	\$	2,775		\$	3,914	\$	_	\$	6,689					
					/1-9/30									
		Yarn			Fabric	Adju	stment		Total					
Revenue														
From Outside	\$	134,420		\$	384,947	\$	-	\$	519,367					
From Group		-			_		_		_					
Total Revenue	\$	134,420		\$	384,947	\$	-	\$	519,367					
Departmental profit or loss (	\$	2,350 )		\$	10,883	\$	_	\$	8,533					
Including														
Depreciation amortization	\$	20,076		\$	3,708	\$		\$	23,784					
Interest income	\$	3		\$	188	\$	_	\$	191					
Interest expenditure	\$	4,377		\$	3,857	\$		\$	8,234					
					2025/1	/1-9/30								
		Yarn			Fabric	Adju	stment		Total					
Revenue														
From Outside	\$	320,930		\$	817,159	\$	-	\$	1,138,089					

)

From Group		-	-		-		-
Total Revenue	\$	320,930	\$ 817,159	\$	_	\$	1,138,089
Departmental profit or loss (	(\$	22,209 )	\$ 2,941	\$	_	(\$	19,268 )
Including							
Depreciation amortization	\$	50,107	\$ 2,824	\$	_	\$	52,931
Interest income	\$	561	\$ 1,429	\$	_	\$	1,990
Interest expenditure	\$	6,900	\$ 17,568	\$	-	\$	24,468
			2024/1	/1-9/30			
		Yarn	 Fabric	Adjustn	nent		Total
Revenue		_	 				
From Outside	\$	352,072	\$ 830,188	\$	-	\$	1,182,260
From Group		-	-		-		-
Total Revenue	\$	352,072	\$ 830,188	\$	_	\$	1,182,260
Departmental profit or loss	\$	81,496	\$ 84,669	\$	_	\$	166,165
Including						-	
Depreciation amortization	\$	60,633	\$ 11,142	\$		\$	71,775
Interest income	\$	586	\$ 1,380	\$	_	\$	1,966
Interest expenditure	\$	11,947	\$ 19,344	\$		\$	31,291

Note: The measured amounts of the Group's assets are not the indicator used by the operating decision-maker. Therefore, the measured amount of the Group's assets should be disclosed as zero.

# (III) Reconciliation information of departmental profits and losses

The reportable departmental income and pre-tax profits and losses for this period are consistent with those of continuing operations.

#### Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Financing provided to others January 1, 2025 to September 30, 2025

Appendix 1

Unit: NT\$ thousand (except for specified otherwise)

											Cause for					
				Relate	Maximum	Ending	Amount				Short-term				Limits on lending	
No.				d party	amount for	balance	actually	Range of interest	Nature of	Transactio	Financing	Provision	Collate	ral	to individual	Limits on total Remar
(Note 1)	Lender	Borrower	Item	or not	the year	(Amount)	drawn	rates	loan	amount		for losses	Name	Value	borrowers	loans ks
0	Tah Tong Textile Co.,	TAH TONG TEXTILE	Other	Y	\$ 98,460 \$	61,030 \$	61,030	3.4182%~3.5168%	Transaction	\$ 67.9	Not applicable.	\$ -			\$ 67,983 \$	486,951 Note
	Ltd.	(VIETNAM) CO., LTD.	receivables								••					2 . 5
0	Tah Tong Textile Co.,	InnoPeak Advanced Materials	Other	Y	29,400	14,700	14,700	3.077%	Short-term		- used for the	-	mechanical	22,183	187,580	187,580 Note
	Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	receivables						Financing		subsidiary's		equipment			3 - 5
											operation and					
											purchase of					
											materials					
1	GLOUCESTER	TAH TONG TEXTILE	Other	Y	32,820	-	-	-	Short-term		<ul> <li>used for the</li> </ul>	_	-	-	468,951	468,951 Note 4
	CO.,LTD.	(VIETNAM) CO., LTD.	receivables						Financing		subsidiary's					
											operation and					
											purchase of					
											materials					
1	GLOUCESTER	Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd.	Other	Y	50,839	-	-	-	Short-term		<ul> <li>used for the</li> </ul>	-	-	-	468,951	468,951 Note 4
	CO.,LTD.		receivables						Financing		company's					
											operation and					
											purchase of					
											materials					

Note 1: Numbers given in Column No. are defined as follows:

- (1) 0 represents the Issuer.
- (2) Invested companies are numbered sequentially starting from 1.
- Note 2: The total amount of loans made to a company or firm with whom the Company does business with shall not exceed the Company's net worth, and an individual loan shall be limited to the amount of the transaction conducted between them.
- Note 3: The total or individual amount of short-term financing provided by the Company shall be capped at 40% of the Company's net worth.
- Note 4: Gloucester: The company's parent company's parent company's foreign subsidiaries that directly and indirectly hold 100% of the voting shares are engaged in fund lending with the company. The total amount and individual limits of short-term financing are limited to no more than

100% of the company's net worth. The financing period is One year (and may be extended twice for another year).

Note 5: Amount does not include interest payable.

#### Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Endorsements/guarantees provided January 1, 2025 to September 30, 2025

#### Appendix 2

Append	A 2												Unit: NT\$ th	nousand
													or specified oth	
		Principal							Accumulated			Endorsement/	Endorsement/g	
				-					endorsement/guarantee	Maximum	Endorsement/gu	guarantee	uarantee	
				Limits on the	Maximum balance I	inding balance of		Amount of the	amount as a percentage of	limits on the	arantee provided	provided by a	provided to a	
			Relationsh	endorsement/guaran	te of the	the		endorsement/gu	net worth in the latest	endorsement/gu	by the parent	subsidiary to	subsidiary in	
No.			ip	e to a principal	endorsement/guaran e	ndorsement/guar	Amount actually	arantee secured	financial statements	arantee	company to a	the parent	Mainland	Rema
(Note 1)	Guarantor	Name of the Company	(Note 2)	(Note 3)	tee for the year	antee	drawn	by property	(%)	(Note 3)	subsidiary	company	China	rks
0	Tah Tong Textile Co.,	TAH TONG TEXTILE	2	\$ 937,902	\$ 307,830 \$	283,789	183,659	\$ -	60.52%	937,902	Y	N	N	
	Ltd.	(VIETNAM) CO.,												
		LTD.												
0	Tah Tong Textile Co.,	GLOUCESTER CO.,	2	937,902	39,384	-	-			937,902	Y	N	N	

Note 1: Numbers given in Column No. are defined as follows:

- (1) 0 represents the Issuer
- (2) Invested companies are numbered sequentially starting from 1.
- Note 2: The relationship between the Guarantor and the Principal may be either of the following two:
  - (1) A subsidiary in which the Company directly holds more than 50% ordinary shares.
  - (2) An invested company in which the Company and its subsidiary together hold more than 50% ordinary shares.
- Note 3: The amount of the endorsement/guarantee provided to a company shall be limited to 50% of the Company's net worth for the year. However, for a subsidiary with 100% of voting rights held directly or indirectly by the Company, it shall be limited to 200% of the Company's net worth. The net worth is contained in the financial statements as audited or verified by CPAs. The amount of the endorsement/guarantee necessary for a transaction to a principal shall be limited to the amount of the transaction. The amount of the transaction is the total amount of purchases, sales and other dealings between two parties, as calculated for the latest year. The total liability of external endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company and its subsidiaries shall be limited to 200% of the Company's current net worth.

# Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Marketable securities held as of the end of the year (excluding investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities) September 30, 2025

#### Appendix 3

Unit: NT\$ thousand (except for specified otherwise)

						Litting			
							Shareholding		
				Item			percentage		
Holder	Type of securities	Name of securities	Relationship with Issuer	(Note 1)	No. of shares	Carrying amount	(%)	Fair value	Remarks
Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares	KINGTEX CORPORATION	The Company is a director of the company	1	171,095	42,398	13.58	42,398	
Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares	Ubn Corporapion	None	1	58,979	426	8.58	426	

Note 1: Item code: 1 - Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current

# Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. September 30, 2025

Appendix 4

Tappetout 1								(exce	Unit: NT\$ thousand ept for specified otherwise)
			Bal	ance of receivables from		Overdue receivables fr	om related parties	Amount subsequently	Y
Payee	Counterparty	Relationship		related parties	Turnover	Amount	Solution	recovered	Provision for bad debts
Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd.	TAH TONG TEXTILE (VIETNAM) CO., LTD.	Subsidiary	\$	118,974	0.09 \$	-	Active collection	\$	- \$

Note: Receivables from related parties include accounts receivable and other receivables

#### Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Significant transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries January 1, 2025 to September 30, 2025

#### Appendix 5

Unit: NT\$ thousand (except for specified otherwise)

Trading details

					(	Note 3)		
No.			Relationship with the Trader					As a percentage of consolidated
(Note 1)	Trader	Counterparty	(Note 2)	Item	Amount		Trading terms	total revenue or total assets
0	Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd.	TAH TONG TEXTILE (VIETNAM) CO., LTD.	1	Receivables from related parties (Note 5)	\$ 1	18,974	(Note 6)	9

- Note 1: Transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries shall be indicated respectively in column No. Numbers so given are defined as follows:
  - 1. 0 represents the parent company.
  - 2. Subsidiaries are numbered sequentially starting from 1.
- Note 2: The relationship with the trader may be one of the following three:
  - 1. Represents the transaction of the parent company to its subsidiary.
  - 2. Represents the transaction of the subsidiary and its parent company.
  - 3. Represents the transaction between subsidiaries.
- Note 3: The amount of purchases, sales, and receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital shall be disclosed for transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries.
- Note 4: See Appendix 1 for loans between the Company and its subsidiaries.
- Note 5: Receivables from related parties include accounts receivable and other receivables.
- Note 6: Commodities are sold at the agreed price, payable on a monthly basis with 9 months on account. Other receivables are adjusted as needed for the working capital.
- Note 7: The transaction price is the same as that of a general customer, payable on a monthly basis with 120 days on account.

#### Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Names and locations of investees (investees in Mainland China excluded) January 1, 2025 to September 30, 2025

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Appendix 6

													o ulousand	
					waster and							ept for specified		
					Initial investn	ent amount	Held at	the end of the	year	Share of the profit				
			**						•	_	or loss of the			
			Main business					Ratio		Pro	fit or loss of the		d	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities		Ending	End of last year	No. of shares	(%)	Carrying amount	110	investee	for the year	Remarks	
				_										
Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd.	Great Bell Printing & Dyeing Co.,	Taiwan	Printing, dyeing,	5	133,280 \$	81,486	10,646,509	17.74	\$ 200,986	(2	137,395)	\$ 24,520	) Affiliate	
	Ltd.		finishing, processing										(Note 1)	
Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd.	GLOUCESTER CO., LTD.	Samoan Islands	and sales of textiles		2,091,174	2,091,174	67,455,000	100.00	514,431		14,384	14,384	Subsidiary	
Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd.	InnoPeak Advanced Materials Co.,	Taiwan	General investment		90,000	90,000	6,000,000	36.09	4,118	(	32,545)		) Affiliate	
Till Tong Tenthe Co., Liu.	Ltd.	20171021	Production, sales, and		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	50,000	0,000,000	30.03	4,220	-	52,545)		(Note 2)	
	Ltd.		trading of plastic of										(Ivote 2)	
			compound materials,											
			woven fabrics, and											
			woven panels											
GLOUCESTER CO., LTD.	DAYSTAR LIMITED	Mauritius	General investment		90,405	90,405	5,300,000	100.00	2,488	(	573)	573	) Subsidiary	
GLOUCESTER CO., LTD.	ROSEGATE HOLDING CORP.	British Virgin	General investment		1,844,004	1,844,004	59,000,000	100.00	512,310	è	50,393)		) Subsidiary	
OLOGOLISTER CO., LID.	ROSECTIE HOLDENG COIG.	Islands	Ochem myesimen		1,044,004	1,011,001	33,000,000	100.00	312,310	-	50,555)	50,555	) Substanty	
POOF OF THE HOLD PRICE CORP.	TALL TONG TENTH E AHETMAN		D 1		1.044.004	1.044.004	50 000 000	100.00	612.020	,	50 2023	50.202	\ C 1 - (1)	
ROSEGATE HOLDING CORP.	TAH TONG TEXTILE (VIETNAM)	Vietnam	Production, sales, and		1,844,004	1,844,004	59,000,000	100.00	512,839	(	50,393)	50,393	) Subsidiary	
	CO., LTD.		trading of natural											
			yarn, artificial yarn,											
			woven fabrics,											
			industrial fabrics, and											
			other fabrics											

Note 1: On October 30, 2024, the Board of Directors of Great bell printing & dyeing co., ltd. resolved to conduct a cash capital increase by issuing 30 million common shares, with a par value of NT\$10 per share. The record date for the capital increase is February 5, 2025.

As the Group did not subscribe to the new shares in proportion to its original shareholding, its ownership interest decreased from 19.18% to 17.74%.

Note 2:On December 9, 2024, the Board of InnoPeak Co.Ltd. resolved to conduct a cash capital increase by issuing 1,625 million common shares, with a par value of NT\$10 per share. The record date for the capital increase is December 26, 2024. As the Group did not subscribe to the new shares in proportion to its original shareholding, its ownership interest decreased from 40% to 36.09%.

#### Tah Tong Textile Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Information on Investments in Mainland China — Basic Information January 1, 2025 to September 30, 2025

Appendix7

Unit: NT\$ thousand (except for specified otherwise)

													(CV)	epi foi specimen	other wise)
						Investment an	nount remitted				Ownership	Share of the			
					Accumulated	or recovered	for the year	Accum	ulated		percentage	profit or loss of			
				in	vestment amount			inves	ment		through direct or	the investee			
					itted from Taiwan			amount			indirect	recognized for	Carrying amount	Investment	
	Main business		Form of		the beginning of	Outward		from Taiv		Profit or loss of	investment	the year		income repatriated	
				at											
Investee in mainland China	activities	Paid-in capital	investment		the year	remittance	Repatriation	end of t	he year	the investee	(%)	(Note 2)	the end of the year	for the year	Remarks
eNova Textiles Ltd.	Wholesale of Fabrics,	\$ 161,730	Note 1	\$	39,670	5 -	\$ -	\$	39,670	(\$ 747)	100.00	(\$ 747)	\$ 2,316	\$ -	Note 4
	Wholesale of														5
	Clothing, Wholesale														
	of Other Chemical														
	Products, and														
	Commodity Brokerage														

to mainland China at MOEA Commission, M Name of the Company the end of the year (Note 4) (Note 3)	
THE COURSE OF THE PARTY OF THE	281,371

Note 1: It is the form of investing in a company in a third region and then reinvesting in a mainland company.

Note 2: The share of the profit or loss of the investee recognized for the year is based on the valuation of the financial statements audited by CPAs of the parent company in Taiwan.

Note 3: It is calculated based on 60% of the Company's net value in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 4: As approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA with its Letter Jing-Shen-2nd Letter No. 10200071150 dated March 6, 2013 and Jing-Shen-2nd Letter No. 09600385770 dated October 18, 2007, US\$1,700,000 was remitted by the Company's subsidiary Gloucester Co., Ltd., and US\$1,300,000 was remitted by the Company from Taiwan.

Note 5: The registration for the capital change to USD 5.3 million has been completed. The capital has been injected from Gloucester directly.